Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 11—Seventh Year. VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, JULY 4, 1890. No. 332

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted, Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 25 cents for each insertion; and pro rata for more space or longer time.

WANTED—Three good milkers at the Victoria Dairy, Cedar Hill Road. jy4-3t

WANTED—A strong capable man wants employment. Thoroughly familiar with ship chandlery and book keeping. Does not object to outdoor work. Good references. Address J. S. L. TIMES office. jy3-3t

WANTED—A woman cook and general servant. Apply to Mrs. Croasdaile, Pemberton Road between 10 a. m., and 1 p. m. jy2-3t

WANTED—Immediately a first-class upholsterer. Apply F. W. Hart, Vancouver. ju30-1w

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply at 87 Chatham street. ju27-tf

WANTED—Experienced help wanted at Mrs. Willis' dressmaking parlors. Good wages given to competent persons only. Apply at rooms over City House, Government St. je25 tf

WANTED—A good general servant in a small family. Apply between the hours of 10 and 1 p. m., and 4 till 5 p. m. Mrs. Urquhart, 119 Menzie street, James Bay. jul2-tf

HELP—The employers of labor will find it to their advantage to call on us, at the White Labor Employment Bureau, 94 Yates street, Victoria, when reliable help is required. Also Candies, Cigars, Fruits, etc. BINGHAM & REYNARD. jun4-3m

TO LET.

TO LET—Excellent pasture at Cloverdale; for terms apply to J. W. Tolmie box 236. j30 1m

TO RENT—A furnished room for one or two men. 35 Douglas street, corner Kane St. june30-1w

TO LET—MAINLAND BREWERY COLUMBIA street and 10th Avenue, Mount Pleasant, Vancouver B. C. This first class going concern is to let to suitable and responsible parties, and having every appliance required for the trade offers a splendid chance to anyone having the necessary experience. For terms apply to Robert Riesterer, P. O. box 101 Vancouver B. C. or at the brewery. je20-1m

SEVERAL HANDSOMELY FURNISHED rooms—To let with use of kitchen, bathroom, etc. At Miss McCandlish's private hotel 68 Superior street. may30-tf

TO LET.—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 153 Blanchard street, unfurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. apl8-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Shorthorn cattle, Leicester sheep and Berkshire pigs. Apply to J. W. Tolmie, box 236. ju30-1m

FOR SALE—The finest farm in Comox, 157 acres, 70 under cultivation, orchard in bearing; ½ mile from school and two churches; Crown grant. The coal rights are worth the price asked for the whole farm, $6,000. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. june25-1m

FOR SALE—5 acre fenced, with small house on Saanich road; cheap. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. june25-1m

FOR SALE—Farm 200 acres convenient to market, $1200. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. june25-1m

FOR SALE—Water front properties, harbor, Victoria West, Fowl bay and Esquimalt. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. ju25-1m

FOR SALE—5 acre blocks, cultivated perfectly, suited for gardens from $180 per acre. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. ju25-1m

FOR SALE—3 houses paying good interest fine locality. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. jun25-1m

FOR SALE—4 lots and 2 small houses corner Simcoe and St. Lawrence streets, $3250. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. jun25-1m

FOR SALE—A two storey house of eleven rooms, with woodshed and outbuildings, a garden in a high state of cultivation and several good bearing fruit trees, convenient to the centre of the city and in every way desirable property. For particulars apply to J. C. Flett, 6 Pioneer street. jun24-tf

FOR SALE—Bicycles and Tricycles. New and second hand, safeties and ordinaries. Prices to suit everybody. Wm. Christie, C. P. R. Telegraph office, Victoria, B. C. jul4-1m

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—From Barlow's stable, Fort street, a dark bay horse with white face. Two brands on shoulder. Had a rope halter and tie rope on when last seen. A suitable reward will be given for his return. jy2-tf

LOST OR STRAYED—A Japanese pug dog Answers to name of Jap. Finder will be rewarded on returning same or giving particulars of whereabouts to John J. Austin, 37 Government street, Victoria. jun30-tf

BOARD.

BOARD—Vacancy for a few boarders at No. 8 Humboldt street. jly4-3t

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY. Established 1797. Amount insured $360,000,000. H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent. Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan5-1y

JOHN J. AUSTIN, NOTARY PUBLIC. Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street, Victoria. P.O. Box 53.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND FITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126.

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. BUSK, Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., M. Can. Soc. C.E. MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER. Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, works undertaken, and contracts superintended for all kinds of Engineering or Surveying work in the south part of the West Kootenay District. Address P.O. Box 346, Victoria, B. C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake, B. C. jan22

G. HARGREAVES, CIVIL ENGINEER, LAND SURVEYOR AND ARCHITECT. Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. corner of Government and Fort streets, upstairs, Victoria, B. C.

GRAY & DEVEREUX, CIVIL ENGINEERS And Railway, Land and Mine Surveyors. Plans, specifications and estimates of structures and excavations prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located. Office—Room "C," White House (upstairs), Government street. P.O. Box 358. Branch office in Seattle. feb7 6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

R. S. McMICKING, 10 TROUNCE AVENUE. Supplies electric house bells and annunciators in any quantity and style. No residence or hotel complete without them. my30-1m

QUEEN'S MARKET, I. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MME. LESLIE—Reveals the past and unfolds the future. Important advice on business matters. Hours 9 a. m., to 8 p. m. Room 2 Vancouver Lodgings, 53 Yates street, next to the Poodle Dog. '6-1m

SOCIETIES.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy5 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. W. J. QUINLAN, jel-1y Scribe E.

DOMINION LODGE, No. 4, I. O. O. F., meets at the hall, Douglas street, every Thursday evening. Thursday, 24th, Third Degree. oc7 JAMES AULD, N.G.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P. Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. J. PLUMMER, oc9 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

PHYSICIANS.

HOMŒPATHIC REMOVAL. DR. J. HALL. Will leave his rooms on Pandora street on Monday, December 2nd, for the new brick block corner of Yates and Douglas streets, where he may be consulted at the usual hours, from 1 to 4 p.m., excepting Sundays and holidays. nov27

J. K. GARROW, M. D. (Lately attending Guy's Hospital, London, and Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh.) Specialties: Diseases of Women and Children and Chronic Diseases. Office and residence, corner of Douglas and Pandora streets, directly opposite City Hall. Office hours:—9 to 11 a.m., 1 to 3, and 7 to 8:30 p.m. Calls in city or country promptly attended to. nov9-3m

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. jul3

JOHN DOHERTY GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; E. C. Kellogg, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. aug22-ly

BANKERS.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO. BANKERS. Government street, Victoria, B. C. Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits. Gold dust and U. S. currency purchased at highest market rates. Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada. Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland. Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

ARCHITECTS.

P. H. DONOVAN, ARCHITECT. Office, Craft & Norris Block, Douglas street. Plans and specifications furnished on the shortest notice. ap3tf

CORNELIUS J. SOULE, ARCHITECT. Member Ontario Association of Architects. Offices, Government street, next to Geo. H. Maynard's. feb27-1m

T. B. NORGATE, ARCHITECT and Mechanical Engineer. Drawings for Patent Office. Office, Moody's Block, 76 Yates street, Victoria, B. C. m30tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

SURVEYING PARTIES, fully equipped, and in charge of competent chiefs, furnished on short notice. Draughting, mapping and blue printing. MILLER & GOING, Box 291, Port Townsend. ap29tf

A Warning.

MR. EDITOR,—It is a well-known fact that the majority of people are inclined to look upon a cold in the head as a matter of little importance—involving at the most only a temporary inconvenience. No more disastrous mistake was ever made. The neglected cold in the head is the source of the catarrhal affections with which about seven-tenths of the people of this country are afflicted, and catarrh itself is too often the preliminary stages to consumption and death. The symptoms of catarrh are manifold, but among them may be mentioned, offensive breath; dull, oppressive headache; offensive droppings from the nostrils into the throat and bronchial tubes; deafness or partial deafness; constant hawking and spitting; weak and watery eyes; a hacking cough and feeling of general debility; ringing in the ears and frequent dizziness. These are but a few of the more general symptoms, and those who experience them should lose no time in applying a remedy. Delays are proverbially dangerous, and in the case of this too prevalent disease may lead to death. We offer Nasal Balm to the public as a positive cure for cold in the head and for catarrh in all its forms and stages. Nasal Balm has been tested in thousands of cases, and the testimonials in our possession prove that it is all we claim for it. It has cured other sufferers, it will cure you. It is easy to use, pleasant and agreeable and does not require a douche, or any torturing instrument to apply it. Give it a trial and be convinced of its great efficacy. Sold by all dealers or sent post free on receipt of price 50c. for small or $1 for large size bottles, by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont. d&w

Preserving kettles of all kinds at McLennan & McFeely's. *

Steam Laundry, telephone No. 497. Branch offices, 74 Yates street and Trounce alley. *

Never Here Before.

Some of the most unique designs in spring cloth, for gentlemen's wear. New line of spring suitings, displayed for first time in Victoria by Campbell & Simpkins, the fashionable Government street Tailors. *

AMERICAN DISPATCHES.

SISTER ROSE'S WORK AMONG THE LEPERS.

The People of Louisiana Will Have the Lottery—A Cloud Break in Colorado Stops Railway Traffic—Pan-American Steamboats, etc.

SALT LAKE, July 4.—The opera house was burned early this morning. It is a complete wreck. Loss $135,000.

Will Pass in Spite of Him.

BATTON ROUGE, July 4.—Governor Nichols says he will not sign the lottery bill but nearly two-thirds majority in both houses will pass the bill over the governor's veto. The lottery constitutional amendment carry at the polls because of the desperate need of funds for building high levees to protect the crops from overflows in the Mississippi river districts. The lottery men declare when the vote shall be taken upon the amendment by the people there will be bloodshed because the people of Louisiana are desperately at loggerheads over the question.

A Cloud Broke.

VAN HORN, July 4.—A remarkable cloud burst on the mountains stopped traffic temperarily on the Texas & Pacific railway to-day. No. 1 train, out of Egraso east bound, had three cars, a sleeper, and the special palace car Mayflower, containing Frank Leslie's weekly party, including Russell Harrison, a son of the President. It was moving along about eight o'clock at night when at this point, going at a high rate of speed it suddenly ran into an enormous flood of water spreading for eight miles along the valley and inundating the entire town. The train instantly slowed, but the flow from the mountain increased so rapidly that the ties were washed out from under the track and the train stopped to wait developments. The extraordinary nature of the cloud burst is shown by the fact that a few minutes before the train approached Van Horn the track was dry. The water came down in a flood. It had been raining in the mountains all day and is raining here yet. The first rain here for many months though, there have been occasional small cloud bursts. Leslie's party remain on the car as the track is cut off from the main line by water, the roaring of which can be heard for miles. The party is bound for Colorado City and Fort Worth.

Homicide and Suicide.

NEW YORK, July 4.—John Lutz, a Hungarian living at 22 Clinton street, shot his wife four times this morning and then shot himself twice. His wife's wounds are fatal. Lutz was instantly killed. The quarrel which led to the tragedy was over Lutz' little daughter Emily, eight months old. Lutz got angry and tried to tear the babe from its mother's arms. She resisted, and the father running to the mantel piece, took down a pistol and began the fusilade.

A Judge Dead.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., July 4.—Edwin Pearson, judge of the tenth judicial circuit is dead.

The Farmhill Miners.

DUNBAR, Pa., July 4.—The work of smothering the fire in the Farmhill mine was commenced at nine o'clock yesterday. It cannot be flooded. The inquest over the bodies of the two men brought out will begin Monday. What is most needed now is relief for twenty-one widows and seventy-seven orphans of the victims. There is much suffering.

Pan-American Boats.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 3.—President Harrison to-day sent to congress a message transmitting a letter from Secretary Blaine on the reports adopted by the Pan-American conference respecting postal and cable communication between the United States and ports of Central and South America. In his letter the Secretary says in part: The reports of the committees recommend the co-operation of the various countries for the establishment of one or more subsidized lines of steamships between San Francisco and Valparaiso and intermediate points, each country to pay proportionately to population between the United States and ports of Brazil, Uruguay, and the Argentine Republic. It is recommended that a fast line be established and auxiliary steamers ply between the United States and Brazil, to stop at minor ports. The president in his message says he can't too strongly urge upon congress the necessity of giving this subject immediate and favorable consideration and making an adequate appropriation to carry his recommendation into effect, and it calls attention to what was said on the subject in his annual message.

A NOBLE NURSE.

Sister Rose Gertrude Among the Hawaiian Lepers—Her Work.

NEW YORK, July 4.—Sister Rose Gertrude, who has devoted herself to work among the lepers of the Sandwich Islands, is still at Keiehi. A reception hospital was recently established by the Government near Honolulu and it is probable she will remain there some time if not permanently.

It is to this hospital that persons suspected of leprosy are examined before being sent to die at Molokai, the leper island. They remain at the hospital sometimes for six months and frequently die there. Sister Rose Gertrude is the only white nurse at the place and is the principal assistant of the doctor in charge. Her only help is that of unskilled natives and she is said to be very much overworked.

She writes her Brooklyn friend that although not on the leper island itself, she is experiencing to the full extent the horrors of which she has a forecast. Two persons had already died in her arms of the dread disease. She says she has received a most generous reception from all whom she has met and that the doctor in charge of the receiving hospital is so pleased with her work that he insists that she shall remain there, at any rate until the Government is able to furnish some one to supply her place. In company with the Government board of physicians she has visited Molokai, spending several days there. The arrangement there for the care of the lepers and physicians and nurses are said to be much better than at the reception hospital.

NAUTICAL NOTES.

Items of Interest Along the Water Front—General Marine News.

The bark Margaret is ready for sea at Burrard Inlet.

The steamer Amelia is being put in order for work.

The steamship Geo. W. Elder is due from Alaska on July 11th.

The steamer Cutch is now running between Vancouver and Nanaimo.

The tug Pilot towed the bark Don Nicholas to Port Moody this morning.

Capt. Jagers, of the steamer Rithet, says that No. 1 buoy at the Sandheads has been lost.

Deputy-Collector Wood paid off the crew of the Rush on Wednesday and the cutter sailed for the north shortly after 5 o'clock.

The new stern wheel steamer Bon Accord, was this morning towed out by the steamer Constance on her way to Westminster. As she was going out the Bon Accord was getting steam on, and probably "went it alone" later on.

The San Francisco Chronicle's marine reporter is not as thoroughly posted regarding this section as he should be. When he speaks of Race Rock and the outer wharf as being at Port Townsend he falls short of the situation just 35 miles.

SPORTING NOTES.

SAN JOSE, July 2.—W. E. Lee, of San Francisco, who left Oakland at 12 o'clock Tuesday night for the purpose of beating the Pacific 24-hour bicycle record, successfully ended his journey at 10:30 to-night, having covered 212 miles, with an hour and a half to spare, against Fred Cook's 207.

WORLD'S RUNNING RECORD BROKEN.

CARSON, Nev., July 2.—H. M. Johnson broke the world's 125-yard running record to-day at the agricultural track. The time was 12 1-5, beating the former record by three-tenths. District Attorney J. D. Torrison and D. Circe were timekeepers.

AT SPOKANE—SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Spokane	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—7
Seattle	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	—4

AT TACOMA—SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Tacoma	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	—4
Portland	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	—3

MASON'S CHALLENGE.

F. H. Mason, who ran second to Percy Jenns' first in the bicycle race at Vancouver has issued a challenge to the latter for a race with $50 stakes. Mr. Mason is doubtless unaware that Mr. Jenns being an Island Wanderer is not allowed to ride for money.

SHALL WOMEN RIDE ASTRIDE?

It all depends upon the women, writes Kate Field in her Washington. I'm really quite tired of being told that man is woman's natural enemy, and that we shall all go to "the demnition bow-wows" if society is not changed. Brute has had its day. With the birth of labor-saving machines and revolvers the reign of woman begins. If the genius be an evolution society is an evolution; and, the converse be true of the rest of the world, it is undeniable that women to-day form society in the United States. If it be conventional and rotten, they alone are to blame. They can make it what they please, and if they adopt a left-legged instead of a right-legged side-saddle, or prefer to ride man fashion, or abolish saddles altogether, men will simply accept the verdict and applaud, provided their sisters, cousins, aunts and sweethearts are unanimous and don't make frights of themselves. If women decide to brave comment and ride astride, and stand by one another with proper esprit de corps, such as distinguishes men, all the hue and cry about unwomanliness will cease. But women will do nothing of the sort. Forgetting through ignorance of their own power, that whatever men may have done in the barbaric past, women to-day forget their own shackles, they will point the finger of scorn at individual exceptions of their sex who dare to ride on both sides of a horse, and to the worst of their ability will brand these independent beings as "immodest," etc.

Now, what is modesty? Is it not a moveable feast? George Francis Train having just put a girdle round Mother Earth—which, by the way, is all she wears—says that "half the British empire dresses in nothing but stovepipe hats and strings." Shall we virtuously shudder and immediately turn a penny by selling adulterated cotton to these children of nature, or shall we congratulate the better-off half of the British empire upon their freedom from the tyranny of fashion? Who dare assail the modesty of the belle of the dark continent for being clothed purely in her right mind? Will the Mrs. Grundy of our republic please remember that a woman's undraped face is as shocking to oriental eyes as undraped bodies are to hers? Everything depends upon the point of view depends upon education. As education to-day is a creature of race and climate, modesty is a geographical expression. Let us drop geography and take up common sense.

How do women of "uncivilized" races ride?

Astride.

Why?

Because uncivilized races live face to face with nature and adopt such customs as are most in harmony with her.

Man naturally rides astride a horse because in no other way can a perfect balance and complete control be obtained without artificial aids. Having no ideas of her own, primitive woman copies her lord and master, even when the era of barebacks succeeds to the era of saddles. It remains for conventionalism to devise the side-saddle and skirts of dangerous length, with death in every inch. Why this departure from common sense?

Satan only knows.

HOME AND FOREIGN.

NIAGARA FALLS WILL CLAIM ANOTHER SUICIDE.

Prince George to be Welcomed at St. John—More French Outrages in Newfoundland—An Interesting Budget from the Metropolis, etc.

LONDON, July 4.—The strike at Leeds has been settled upon terms favorable to both the operators and strikers.

Royalty Disputing.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 4.—The Czar had a serious dispute with the Grand Duke Alexis over the alleged corruption in the navy, the Duke insisting on a thorough reform in all the branches of the service regardless of rank or title.

Riflemen Received.

BERLIN, July 4.—The American riflemen arrived here to-day and received a grand welcome. They marched by way of Unter der Linden to the town hall, a famous avenue, being handsomely decorated and crowded with people. The chief burgomaster made a warm speech of welcome.

A Foolish Fool.

NIAGARA, July 4.—John L. Soults of Michigan, has completed arrangements for a trip this afternoon through the whirlpool rapids in a row boat. He will cling to the boat as far as possible and then trust to his swimming ability to save himself.

The Crime Confessed.

PARIS, July 4.—Eyraud to-day repeated the confession he made yesterday, and added that the crime was premediated and was committed for the purpose of robbery. He said that he bought the cord with which he strangled Gouffe for that purpose. To-day he exonerated Bompard from any complicity in crime.

Favors to France.

LONDON, July 4.—The Herald has learned from M. Ribot, the French foreign minister, that England gives to France an island in the Carribean sea and recognizes the French protectorate over Madagascar.

London News.

LONDON, July 4.—The East Indian residents of London gave a banquet to Lord Reays, ex-Governor of the Presidency of Bombay, to-night. A large number of prominent guests were present, including members of the Royal Family. The presence of the latter was much commented upon, in view of Reays' strained relations with the Government, which were greatly aggravated by his speech arraigning the Ministry as incompetent and denouncing many of their acts.

Reays is a man of great ability and it is surmised that neither the Royal Family nor the Government cares to drive him into action with the opposition through neglect or antagonism.

The Parliamentary committee to whose consideration the monster petition of publicans in favor of compensation was referred, has advised the House committee to decline to receive it. The committee states it has carefully examined the petition and finds many objections to its reception. The chief of these, however, and the ones upon which the report is based are the obscenity of its phraseology and palpable evidence of fraud in the signatures attached, a large percentage of which it is found by the committee are fictitious. The inevitable rejection of the petition will be another triumph for the Opposition.

It is stated that the formal transfer of Heligoland to Germany will be attended by an elaborate naval display, preparations for which are already making. Heligolanders are gaining much sympathy in England by their pathetic pleadings to be allowed to remain British subjects. The British national anthem was sung with fervor by the assembled population on the recent landing of Governor Carkey, and the islanders crowded around him with eager petitions not to be given over to Germany. Nearly every house is conspicuously decorated with British colors. Their case, however, is considered hopeless, as it is impossible to organise a distinct party in opposition to the measure in Parliament, many members of the Liberal party being in favor of the transfer.

To Welcome Prince George.

ST. JOHN, N. F., July 4.—Prince George is expected here on July 19th, in the Thrush with the Bellerophon and Buzzard. A grand ball has been arranged, the Government voting $1000 and the merchants subscribing liberally.

French Outrages.

ST. JOHN, N. F., July 4.—Trustworthy news reached here of further French outrages at Port au Port on June 28. The facts as telegraphed by Morrison, Mr. Band's lawyer, states that two French fishing vessels were there, and forty Newfoundlanders seining. The captain of a French war ship came, seized and carried away one seine, destroyed the other, and drove all the Newfoundland vessels out of the harbor. The French fishermen cut lobster trawls and robbed the traps. The indignation of the Newfoundlanders is great.

LONDON GOSSIP.

Election Matters in England—A Very Defeat—Socialistic Strength.

LONDON, July 4.—Ashmead-Bartlett, Member of Parliament for Ecclesol, Sheffield, and one of the lords of the admiralty, has come forward with a statement intended to explain the defeat of the Wainwright Conservative candidate in Wednesday's election at Barrow-in-Furness, a circumstance which has chagrined the Tories not a little. The Conservatives, he explains, should have reserved a greater part of the Unionist vote, and certainly would have done so but for the fact that a Unionist election agent followed Caine in his bolt from the party traces, and took with him the books and polling lists. In the absence of these documents the Tories were unable to properly canvass the borough, and so lost votes necessary to elect their candidate. This is, perhaps, better than no explanation at all, but the fact remains that the Liberals captured the seat as greatly to their amazement as to the astonishment of the Tories and discomfiture of Caine.

The Nationalists of Lismore, County Waterford, Ireland, whose recent attempt to hold a meeting were rigourously suppressed, have telegraphed to the Marquis of Hartington their congratulations, upon the suppression of the influence of the Devonsire family in Barrow, as evidenced by the election of Duncan.

The death of William Crawford (Liberal), a member of parliament for Middle Durham, has afforded the Socialists an opportunity they have sought for some time to test their political strength in that location. Within the last year the Socialists have made rapid advances among the Durham miners, and they have now resolved to run a candidate of their own, with chances greatly in favor of his election.

Elaborate preparations are making for an opening of the peace congress, which will take place here on July the 14th. The deliberations of the body will be presided over by David Dudley Field of New York.

The Servian government has decided to impose a prohibitive tariff on Hungarian products.

The Russian government has increased its duty upon naptha, benzine and oils.

MR. HIGGINS' LETTER.

TO THE EDITOR, — Will you kindly reproduce my short letter published in the TIMES, June 27th, last, so that the public may judge whether Mr. Higgins has dealt fairly with what is stated in that letter, in connection with "Police Rules," in his letter appearing in the TIMES of 2nd inst. The following language occurs in Mr. Higgins' letter: "The Mayor in the letter referred to, said that the police regulations—which were drawn by a committee of which I was chairman—forbid a policeman entering a saloon while on duty, AND TO THE EXISTENCE OF THE REGULATIONS HE ATTRIBUTED THE FAILURE OF THE POLICE TO SUPPRESS GAMBLING IN THIS CITY." I ask any one if the language used in my letter in question warrants Mr. Higgins in stating that I attributed the failure of the police to suppress gambling in the city to the existence of the police regulations. Mr. Higgins says further that I MISQUOTED THE RULE. It will be observed that I did not quote any rule, but simply made a statement that "policemen could not enter a saloon while on duty, their rules forbade it under penalty of dismissal." Let us see how far I was wrong in this statement by the quotation given from the rules by Mr. Higgins himself which reads thus: "They (the policemen) are prohibited from entering saloons day or night *while on patrol duty*, except when called in to prevent a felony or *misdemeanor*, or to arrest an offender."

A policeman was dismissed for going into a saloon while on duty as no one had called upon him in connection with his duty as a policeman.

In respect to the duties of the Superintendent of Police, and also the duties of the policemen generally, as referred to by Mr. Higgins, the force are able to defend themselves and no doubt will do so at an early date, and I feel sure that it will be found that they can show as good a record as can be shown during the time that Mr. Higgins was chairman of the police committee.

JOHN GRANT.

Copy of Mayor Grant's letter published June 27th.

POLICE RULES.

TO THE EDITOR, — If free newspaper advertising will enrich a man, I feel that I am on the high road to wealth. I must confess, sir, that on account of the better part of three editorial columns of the Colonist being devoted to my humble self in its issue of this morning, I seem to be of more importance than I had any idea of. In fact I feel flattered.

I find in the columns referred to the following language: "Mayor Grant averred that the police could not enter a saloon while on duty, their rules forbade it under penalty of dismissal." Let us enquire who is responsible for these rules. During the time that ex-Mayor Fell occupied the chair, the present rules were formulated by ex-Councillor Higgins. A discussion, which lasted for several evenings, took place on the different principles contained in them. It will be remembered by the then councillors that I opposed the clauses which prevented the police from entering a saloon while on duty, holding as I did and do now, that no policeman is worthy of the position who could not be trusted, while on duty, to walk into a saloon, to generally see if those carrying on a saloon business were keeping within the law. Those holding Mr. Higgins' views were in the majority, hence the present rules. Respectfully, JOHN GRANT.

Editor Pemberton,

Of the Delhi Reporter—a well known journalist says: "I consider Burdock Blood Bitters the best medicine made, and would not be without it on any account. It should be kept in every house in the land. *

Carload of chairs, cots, cribs, desks and general furniture just arrived at J. Hastie & Co's, Government street. *

Baby carriages of latest styles just received by John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

Merchants' Luncheon.

From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lowenbrau at the Bank Exchange. *

Ice Cream made to order and delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161. New England Bakery Young Bros., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

Baggage Express.

The Inland Transfer Co., Northern Pacific office, Government street, connects with all trains and steamboats. Baggage checked to Puget Sound and all eastern points. je17

CHAPTER XVII.

WHAT HAD BEEN DONE AT KILIMANJARO DURING EIGHT MONTHS OF THIS MEMORABLE YEAR.

The country of Wamasai is situated in the eastern part of Central Africa, between the coast of Zanzibar and the regions of the large lakes, where the Victoria Nyanza and the Tanganyika form a great interior ocean. The part best known is that which has been visited by the Englishman Johnston, Count Teleki and the German Dr. Meyer. This mountainous land is under the sovereignty of Sultan Bali-Bali, whose people consist of thirty thousand to forty thousand negroes.

Three degrees below the equator is situated the chain of Kilimanjaro, which here reaches its greatest altitude. Among other peaks is the Mount of Kibo, with an altitude of 5,704 meters. The important ruler of this region has under his domination towards the south, north and west the vast and fertile plains of Wamasai, which stretch from the lake of Victoria Nyanza across the province of Mozambique.

A few leagues below Kilimanjaro is the small village of Kisongo, the regular residence of the Sultan. This capital is in reality only a large hamlet. It is occupied by a very intelligent and industrious people, who work themselves as industriously as their slaves under the iron rule which Bali-Bali imposes on them.

The Sultan rightly ranked as one of the most remarkable rulers of those people of Central Africa who try to escape the influence, or, more correctly, the domination of England. At this capital of Kisongo President Barbicane and Captain Nicholl, accompanied by six men who were devoted to them, arrived in the first week of January of the current year. On leaving the United States, whence their departure was only known to Mrs. Evangelina Scorbitt and J. T. Maston, they had embarked in New York for the Cape of Good Hope, whence a vessel transported them to Zanzibar, on the island of the same name. There a bark secretly chartered by the Sultan brought them to the port of Mombas, on the African border on the other side of the channel. An escort sent by the Sultan waited for them at this port, and after a hard voyage of nearly a hundred leagues across this terrible region, obstructed by forests, deep marshes, etc., they arrived at the royal residence. After knowing the resolutions of J. T. Maston, President Barbicane had already put himself in communication with Bali-Bali through the help of a Swedish explorer who had passed several years in this part of Africa. As the Sultan had become one of their most ardent admirers since their trip to the moon, a trip whose reputation had gone as far as these countries, he felt a great friendship for these courageous Yankees. Without telling him for what purpose it was, Impey Barbicane had easily obtained permission from the Sultan to undertake important works at the southern foot of Kilimanjaro. In return for a large sum, estimated at 3300,000, Bali-Bali had bound himself to furnish them all the workmen necessary. In other words, the Captain and his friends were authorized to do at Kilimanjaro whatever they liked to do. They could dispose of the large chain of mountains according to their desires; they could tear them down if they liked, or they could take them away if they would be able to do so. In consequence of these arrangements, which the Sultan had made at his own figure, the North Polar Practical Association was as much proprietor of this country as they were of the polar region. The reception which President Barbicane and Captain Nicholl received at Kisongo was very cordial. Bali-Bali displayed an admiration mounting to adoration for these celebrated travelers who had made this dangerous voyage to reach the country round the North Pole.

He had, in short, an extraordinary sympathy for the creators of these mysterious operations which were going to be accomplished in his kingdom. He also promised them absolute secrecy on his part as well as on the part of his people, whose co-operation was assured to them. Not a single negro who worked at their shop would be allowed to leave them for a single day under pain of the most severe punishment. This is how this operation was veiled in mystery so that the most active and sharpest agents of America and Europe failed to penetrate it. If it was finally discovered it must have been that the Sultan modified his severe rules after the accomplishment of the works, and that there were traitors and babblers even among negroes. In this way Richard W. Trust, consul at Zanzibar, had received wind of what was going on at Kilimanjaro. But then at that date, the 15th of September, it was too late to stop President Barbicane in the accomplishment of his design.

And now, why had Barbicane & Co. chosen the Wamasai for the theater of their operations? First, because the country suited them in regard to its geographical situation, as it was in a very little known part of Africa, and as it was very far from the territory usually visited by travelers. Then the mass of Kilimanjaro offered them all the qualities of solidity and material necessary for their work. And, moreover, on the surface of this country were found the raw materials which they needed in a condition very easy to handle. A few months before leaving the United States President Barbicane had learned from the Swedish explorer that at the foot of Kilimanjaro iron and coal were plentiful on the ground. No mines to dig into, no fields to explore a thousand feet deep in the earth's shell. Iron and coal were so plentiful even for this great undertaking that they only had to stoop down to pick it up. In other words, there existed in the neighborhood of this mountain enormous fields of nitrate of soda and of iron pyrites, which were necessary for the manufacture of meli-melonite. President Barbicane and Captain Nicholl had taken with them only ten people, of whom they were absolutely sure, and no one else. These ten men had to supervise the ten thousand negroes put at their disposal by Bali-Bali, and to them was given the task of manufacturing the monster cannon and its not less monster projectile. Two weeks after the arrival of President Barbicane and his associate at Wamasai three large workshops were established at the southern foot of Kilimanjaro, one for the cannon foundry, the second for the manufacture of the projectile and the third for the manufacture of the meli-melonite.

Now, first of all, how had Barbicane & Co. met the problem of manufacturing a cannon of such colossal dimensions? We will see and understand at the same time that the difficulty of creating such a device was not easily comprehensible by the inhabitants of the world. In reality the making of a cannon a million times larger than that of twenty-seven centimeters was a superhuman work. Already great difficulties had been met in the manufacture of pieces of forty-two centimeters long, which would throw projectiles of seven hundred and eighty kilos with

THE WORKSHOPS AT KILIMANDJARO.

two hundred and seventy-four kilograms of powder. Barbicane & Co. did not think of these difficulties. It was not a cannon, not even a mortar, which they intended to make, but simply a gallery bored in the massive rock of Kilmanjaro—a shaft of a mine, if you wish to call it so.

Evidently this shaft of a mine, this enormous elongated mine, could replace a metal cannon the fabrication of which would have been as dear, as difficult, and to which it would be necessary to give an unwieldy thickness to avoid all risk of an explosion. Barbicane & Co. had always entertained the idea of operating in this manner, and if the note-book of J. T. Maston mentioned a cannon it was that of twenty-seven centimeters which had been used in the calculations as a basis. Consequently a spot was chosen at a height of a hundred feet on the southern slope of the chain. Nothing would be in the way of the projectile when it would fly out of the mouth of this tunnel bored in the massive rock of Kilimanjaro. It was with extreme precision and not without very hard work that the men could dig this gallery. But Barbicane & Co. could readily make perforations with simple machines put in action by means of compressed air which was secured by using the powerful falls of water from the mountains. In the holes bored through the headings of the shaft were placed charges of meli-melonite. And nothing more was necessary than this violent explosive to shiver the rock, extremely hard as it was.

The thousands of workmen, led by his ten co-operators under the general direction of Barbicane & Co., labored with a great deal of zeal and intelligence to bring the work to a speedy end. At the end of six months the shaft measured twenty-seven meters in diameter and the lining of it six meters in thickness. As it was absolutely necessary that the projectile should glide through a bore perfectly smooth, the interior of it was covered with a casting exactly prepared. In reality this part of the work was very similar to that of the celebrated Columbiad, of Moon City, which had sent the projectile to the moon. But such work as this is impossible to the ordinary engineers of this world at present.

As soon as the boring was finished the workmen pushed on with the work at the second workshop.

At the same time that this metallic lining was being made they were also employed at making the enormous projectile. For this operation it was necessary to obtain a cylindrical mass which would weigh 80,000,000 kilograms, or 180,000 tons. It must be understood that there was never any idea of melting this projectile in one single piece. It had to be manufactured in thousand-ton pieces, which would be hoisted one after the other into the shaft and put in place over the chamber where the meli-melonite was stored. After having been jointed each to the other these pieces would form a compact whole, which would fit the sides of the tubular lining. In regard to the construction of the massive furnaces to effect the melting of the metal, there was met, perhaps, the greatest difficulty. Ten furnaces of ten meters each in height were at the end of a month in working order and able to produce each 180 tons per day. This would be 1,800 tons for twenty-four hours—180,000 tons after 100 work-days.

In regard to the third workshop, made for the manufacture of the meli-melonite, the work was easily done, but under such secret precautions that the composition of this explosive it has not been possible to state perfectly. Every thing went along splendidly. It could not have been possible to have met with more success in any factory. One would hardly expect to escape an accident of some sort on a three-hundred-thousand franc job. It was easily understood that the Sultan was delighted. He followed the operation with indefatigable interest. And the presence of his Majesty helped greatly to make these negroes work as hard as possible. One day Bali-Bali asked what all these operations were going on for. He received this reply from President Barbicane: "It is a work," said he, "which will change the face of the earth, a work which will bring the greatest glory on the greatest Sultan of all the Eastern kings."

By the 29th of August the works were entirely finished. The shaft was bored to the wished-for point. It was provided with a smooth bore of six meters diameter. At the bottom of the shaft were placed the 3,000 tons of meli-melonite; then came the projectile 105 meters long. After deducting the space occupied by the powder and projectile there remained still 492 meters before the muzzle was reached, which secured all the effect possible by the recoil produced by the expansion of the gas.

Now, the first question which might come up was, would the projectile deviate from the trajectory assigned to it by the calculations of J. T. Maston. In no way, for the calculations were absolutely correct. They indicated to what extent the projectile would deviate to the east of the meridian of Kilimanjaro because of the rotation of the earth on its axis, and what would be the form of the curve which it would describe because of the enormous initial velocity. Secondly, would it be visible during its course? No, because in going out of the shaft it would be thrown in the shadow of the earth and it could not be seen, for in consequence of its low trajectory it would have a very sharp angle of velocity compared with the earth's course. In fact, Barbicane and Captain Nicholl could well be proud of their work, which had so far succeeded in its every detail. Why was J. T. Maston not there to watch this great operation, founded on the figuring which he had done? And who was it that kept him so far away, so very far away, when this terrible detonation would wake the echoes as far as the furthermost horizons of Africa?

Thinking of him, his two associates did not know that the secretary had been compelled to keep away from Baltimore College after having got out of prison and hidden himself in a safe place away from the savage people. They did not know to what extent indignation had been roused against the engineer of the N. P. P. A. They did not know that they, too, would have been burnt or hanged and tortured to death if it had been possible to have reached them. Really, they ought to have been glad that at the moment when the shooting would take place they would only be saluted by the cries of this negro people of Eastern Africa.

"Well, at last!" said Captain Nicholl to President Barbicane, when on the 23d of September they were standing before their finished work. "Yes, at last!" said Impey Barbicane. "What a chance it was that placed at our disposition this admirable meli-melonite!" said Captain Nicholl. "Which will make you the most illustrious person on the earth, Nicholl." "Without doubt, Barbicane," modestly answered Captain Nicholl. "But do you know how much it would have been necessary to dig out Kilimanjaro if we only had gun-cotton equal to that which threw our projectile to the moon?"

"How much, Nicholl?"

"One hundred and eighty galleries, Barbicane."

"Well, we would have digged them, captain."

"And one hundred and eighty projectiles of one hundred and eighty thousand tons."

"We would have melted them, Nicholl."

It was useless to expect reasonable conversation between two persons of this type. But after they had made the trip to the moon, what would they not be capable of? On the very same evening only a few hours before the minute when the gun was to be fired, and while President Barbicane and Captain Nicholl were congratulating themselves, Alcide Pierdeux, closeted in his studio at Baltimore, uttered a cry of hurrah! as if he were crazy.

Then, suddenly getting up from the table, which was covered with figures and calculations, he cried out:

"Ah! what a fool Maston is!—what a stupid fellow! His whole problem will go in the soup! Christopher Columbus! Why did I not see this before? If I only knew where he was at this moment I would invite him to have supper with me and to sip a glass of champagne at the very moment when they are going to fire off the gun."

And after these and many exclamations which he generally used in playing whist he said: "Oh, the old fool! Without a doubt he must have been dull when he made his calculations for this affair of Kilimanjaro. He will find it very necessary to make another. Oh, what a fool with his cannon!"

(To be continued.)

"Montserrat" Lime Fruit Juice alone, or taken with sugar and cold water, is a most delicious beverage during the heated term.

The genuine Mason's porcelain lined top fruit jars and jelly glasses at Shore & Anderson's, No. 107 Douglas street. No trouble to open them.

TO-DAY WE HAVE RECEIVED

OUR SECOND CONSIGNMENT OF

FANCY DRESS SILKS

CONSISTING OF

Colored, Printed and Plain Pongees
White and Cream Royale Silks,
Colored Satin Dentelle,
Colored Silk Broches,
Satin Merveilleux, also
Velvets in all the latest shades.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.

may19

MISCELLANEOUS.

UNDERTAKING

C. B. Lockhart & Co.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS,

Undertakers and Embalmers,

Keep constantly on hand

—A FULL LINE OF—

Caskets, Coffins, Funeral Furnishings, etc., of superior make. Also the only

WHITE HEARSE IN THE PROVINCE.

Calls promptly attended to day or night. Charges moderate.

Graduates of the United States College of Embalming.

Green's Block cor. Trounce Ave. & Broad St.

TELEPHONE 428.

jn26

TWO CARS

OF

Jubilee Ranges,
Cook Stoves,
Wringers,
Mangles.
Family Scales,
Grates,
Mantles,
Tiles,

AND

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS

AT

McLennan & McFeeley's,

70 YATES STREET.

RESTAURANT & BAKERY

FOR SALE.

The undersigned having decided to

Retire from Business

Offer their well established and

Profitable Restaurant for Sale.

This offer is a

RARE CHANCE

For anyone seeking to purchase

A Good Paying Business,

Which has been established for over 18 years.

STEITZ BROS.

GOOD BUSINESS CHANCE

FOR SALE OR

Exchange for Other Property.

The entire stock, fixtures, improvements and two years' unexpired lease of the

Queen Boot & Shoe Store,

74 YATES STREET.

Established 8 years. Owner leaving the city.

TERMS:

Cash or part cash and security, or would exchange for good property either in Victoria or Nanaimo.

RICHARD HILBERT.

Victoria, June 23, 1890. je25-1m

Always Clear. Never Musty

"Montserrat"

(Trade Mark.)

Pure Lime Fruit Juice.

What is Lime Juice? This question is rendered necessary by the prominent attention Lime Juice is attracting as the best temperance beverage. The answer is that it should be the juice of the lime fruit without admixture. By the "Montserrat" Company alone of the lime fruit cultivated for this purpose, and great care should be taken to obtain this brand as supplied to the British Government, in lieu of the numerous concoctions sold under the name of Lime Juice Cordials, Prepared Lime Juice, etc.,

Sold by all druggists, grocers and at the leading hotels.

Sole consignees of the Montserrat Company (Limited.)

Evans and Sons, Ltd.

Montreal and Toronto.

je26 eod 3m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

G. A. McTAVISH

Has at his store

-:- ON PARK ROAD -:-

A choice assortment of

VEGETABLE

AND

FLOWER SEEDS.

Pansy Seed of the very best strain procurable, personally selected while in Scotland from the stock of the largest Prize Winner Great Britain.

Special Prizes will be offered at the Fall Exhibition of the B. C. Agricultural Society for the best flowers raised from this seed.

STORE AND NURSERY,

PARK ROAD, VICTORIA

SMOKE

KURTZ & CO.'S

Celebrated brands of

HAVANA CIGARS,

my1-1m

QUEEN CITY

Building, Loan & Saving Association.

LIMITED LIABILITY.

INCORPORATED MAY 6, 1890.

The annual general meeting of the members will be held in Harmony Hall, View street, at 8 p. m., on Wednesday, the 18th instant, for the purpose of electing a board of directors and officers for the ensuing year. By order

B. WILLIAMS,
Sec. pro tem.

je5-1d

JAPANESE BAZAAR,

41 FORT ST., VICTORIA.

PER S. S. ABYSSINIA:

Tea Sets, Blackwood Brackets and Cabinets, Chinese shape and other Gongs, Rice, Bead and Bamboo Blinds, Cotton and Hemp Carpets, Fire Tables.

Stock removed from Government St. still selling very cheap.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.

june3

A. J. ROWBOTHAM

Desires to notify the public that having purchased the business of

MR. J. C. DEVLIN,

Corner of Yates and Broad Streets,

He is prepared to supply

Groceries,
Flour, Feed
and Provisions.

AND ESPECIALLY

FINE TEAS, COFFEE AND SPICES

At reasonable rates.

P. O. box 468. Telephone 168.

june1 1m

KELLER & BURRIS,

Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPES, TERRA COTTA,

Drain Tile, Flower Pots, Vases, and other Earthenware.

Corner Yates and Quadra Streets, Victoria, B. C.

my1

LEGAL NOTICES.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Part of Subdivision Lot 5 and another part (2 acres) of Section XXXII Esquimalt District.

A CERTIFICATE of INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to the above lands will be issued to George Thomson on the 10th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lands or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 10th April, 1890. ap10-2m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lot 22 in the City of Victoria.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I shall register the above lot in the name of Robert Purvis McLennan and Edward John McNeely as owners, in fee, as tenants in common, in pursuance of an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, made on the 29th day of March 1890, by the Hon. Mr. Justice Drake, unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within three months from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 2nd April, 1890. ap2-3m

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Part of Section 20 Range VIII, Quamichan District.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to a portion of the above mentioned section will be issued to Henry Fry, junior, on the 15th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in such portion of said section or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 15th April 1890. ap16-3m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 36, 40, 41, 47, 267, 1190 the N. ½ of Lot 25, the easterly ½ of Lot 74, and parts of Lots 277 and 278 in the City of Victoria.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE title to the above mentioned lands will be issued to Walter Scott Chambers on the 9th day of August, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lands, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 7th May, 1890. my15-3m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SIXTY days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase Section 13, Township 5, Graham Island, Queen Charlotte District, containing 640 acres.

THOMAS MATHEWS.
BYRON HOLMES WEST.
THOMAS McFARLANE GRAHAM.
JAMES PUSEY.

May 15th 1890. my19-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT sixty days after date, I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following tract of land, commencing at a stake on shore line, about two and a half miles, east south east, of Bonilla point, running north 10 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence following shore line to point of commencement, containing 160 acres, more or less.

JOSIAH JAQUES.

Victoria, May 19th 1890. my19-2m

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INtend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase 320 acres of land near Mission Valley Osoyoos division of Yale district, commencing at post, being south west corner of Wyland's purchase claim, thence east 40 chains, thence south 80 chains thence west 40 chains thence north 80 chains to the place of commencement. ROBERT MUNSON.

May 19th 1890. my20

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that from and after the 10th day of July next, all parties whose properties have sewerage connection with the Johnson Street Ravine, will be prosecuted.

By order

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Hall, June 28th, 1890. jun30-4f

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that from and after the 1st day of July next, the "Consolidated Thistle By-Law" will be enforced and that the owner, lessee, tenant, occupier, or agent for the owner or lessee of any land on which thistles are found not cut down will be prosecuted.

By order

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Hall, June 30th, 1890. jun30-4f

MUNICIPAL.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned between this date and Friday, the 15th day of August next, at 12 m., for supplying and placing in position in the City Hall Tower, in good running order,

A TOWN CLOCK,

Tenderers to furnish full descriptions of clocks submitted, with catalogue of prices thereof attached.

The Council reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

By order of the Hall Committee,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, June 30th, 1890. jn6

MRS. McGREGOR,

MID-WIFE

Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.

Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets.

feb22

"THE HOLY LAND."

Heligoland's History and Situation—Resources, Drawbacks and Attractions.

This islet, properly spelled Helgoland (holy land), is situated in the North Sea and about 36 or 40 miles from the mouth of the Elbe and 165 miles from Hamburg. It is triangular in shape, about a mile long from north to south, and a third of a mile broad from east to west. It was formerly much broader, but the action of the sea is continually wearing it away. As a possession of Great Britain it is simply a worthless rock. It no more commands the mouths of the Elbe and Weser than does Ontario's "Thunder Cape." There is very indifferent shelter afforded by its harbors to shipping. Only vessels of small size can approach the shore, and passengers (who merely use the island as a summer resort) by the steamers have to land in open boats at the end of a long jetty called "The Misery Walk" (Laster Allee). England has shown her appreciation of the rock by allowing the government of the "Holy Land" to remain in the hands of the natives or Germans. There are no English residents on this islet, and a few guns placed behind a rude earthwork are its fortifications. Insanity and suicide are common owing to the winter isolation caused by tempestuous weather, and owing to the poor character of the islanders' food, scrofula has taken a hold of three-fourths of the population. No horses or other beasts of burden can be supported on this picturesque rock. For the use of invalid visitors, two cows are imported from Curhaven (a town at the mouth of the Elbe) every summer, the milk of which is supplied to invalids by the druggists. At the end of the bathing season the cows are shipped to the mainland. It has no wild animals, and the birds which breed in its cliffs belong to the mainland or the North Sea. The island produces no fresh water, the inhabitants depending for supplies on the rain collecting in the hollows and on quantities caught in casks. The island produces nothing except fish and a few potatoes. Its one school has 257 pupils and a government grant of $1,250.

But the "Holy Land" has some attractions, for Germans at least. The main island, with its inaccessible cliffs, stands bold and prominent while the Dune or Land Island lying a quarter of a mile east, which is little more than a sandbank covered with scanty herbage and rising at its highest point about 200 feet above the level of the sea, contains the sea-bathing establishment. Its inhabitants include the restaurant keeper and waiters and the attendants who drag the bathing coaches into the sea. Excellent facilities for bathing are afforded by a shelving beach of white sand. The number of summer visitors, during recent years average 12,500. The population, chiefly Hamburgers of the main island (composed of fishermen and pilots) is a little over 2000. During the bathing season, from June to October, 29 steamers ply weekly between it and the main land. There has been no direct communication between the islet and Great Britain. Its telegraph cable to the continent is 32 miles long.

Heligoland is mentioned by the famous Roman Historian, Tacitus, as the place where the German goddess Hertha, was worshiped. This deity was worshiped by the Lombards, Angles, and many other Teutonic tribes near the lower Elbe and the regions of the Baltic. When the goddess visited the sea-girth rock, she descended from the Throne of Ordin, took a seat in a chariot drawn by heifers and was carried amid festivities over the island.

H. Willibrord the apostle of the Frisians, named the island Heligoland. According to Alcuin he was a Saxon of Northumbrid who withdrew from the world and constructed for himself a little oratory dedicated to St. Andrew. After study for twelve years in the then famous Irish monasteries, he started out as missionary to the North German tribes. At that time the districts surrounding the mouth of the Rhine were occupied by the Frisians under the pagan king Radbod. Failing to convert this monarch, Willibrord passed on to Denmark, and on his return to France was wrecked on Heligoland.

Heligoland itself was taken from Denmark by England in 1807. After the crushing defeat of Austria and Prussia, Napoleon won the confidence of Alexander of Russia, and in the autumn of 1807 threatened to make Denmark take part in a war against England. The neutral policy of the Dane did not satisfy the English policy. Great Britain declared war against Denmark, captured the Danish fleet, wrested the Danish possessions in East and West Indies, and took possession of Heligoland. After the peace of 1814 Denmark got back the former but retained the latter.

From what has been said it will be seen "The Holy Island" is not and has never been looked upon as an acquisition of any importance to England. The concession of some African territory by Germany to England is more to Lord Salisbury's taste, but the fact of England's concession of one iota of conquered territory to "the foreigner" is gall and wormwood to the average Englishman, and in all probability he will have none of Salisbury at the next general election.—J. W. Powers in the Winnipeg Free Press.

THE DOMINION.

Millions Get Married and two Old Folks Assist the Ceremony.

At the annual banquet of the Club National, at Montreal, Hon Wilfred Laurier, leader of the Liberal party in Canada, said: "Canada cannot always remain a colony. The time must come when we must take our proper position in the world, and for my part, I favor independence."

Mrs. Motley, the Winnipeg lady delegates to the W. C. T. U. Convention at Portage la Prairie, was struck speechless while addressing the meeting and succumbed to the shock. Her sudden death has cast a sudden gloom over the gathering.

The marriage of W. A. Murray, dry goods merchant, Toronto, to Mrs. Cawthra, took place at the bride's residence on Thursday and was attended with very elaborate ceremonies. Mrs. Cawthra is 60 years of age, and her wealth is placed at over three and a half millions. Mr. Murray is still older than his bride and is also very wealthy. The couple have engaged berths on one of White Star steamships and will leave on a visit to the continent next week.

James Lear, of Halifax, traveller for Gordon, McKay & Co., Toronto, expired in an apoplectic fit on Thursday.

The Century Club.

No other club in New York is at all like the Century. It is not swell or fashionable; it is not famous for its cuisine, its furniture or its entertainments; but it is delightful by reason of the artistic and literary atmosphere that prevades the place. Half the excellent pictures on the walls were painted by members of the club, half the books in the library were written by members. The rooms are all large, and most of them a little dark. Open wood fires make the place cosy. The dining room has one great table, where all who come dine and chat.

The man next you may be a literary personage, a professor from Yale, or an artist with white hair and a reputation. Richard Henry Stoddard comes in and speaks in a voice that no other man dare use in the club house. At the luncheon there is a brazier at command, and the members may, if they will, and as they often do, concoct what dish they choose. There is no show, no fuss, no array of servants. Scores of members are almost in rebellion at the prospect of leaving the old house. Some have threatened in angry moments to organize a new club and stay, but nothing of the sort will happen, and the quiet dignity of the Century will be transferred to the splendors of an uptown club house.—New York Letter.

Streets and Sidewalks in Berlin.

The smoothness of the pavements in Berlin affords immense relief in diminishing the confusing noise and jar of the streets. Waking early in the morning at a hotel in the center of the business section, one perceives no rattling of wagons, only the clatter of the horses' hoofs, so that it seems as if cavalry regiments were continually passing. The smooth streets have also made cycling very popular, and tricycles are extensively used for business purposes. The broad sidewalks are laid with flagging in the center, and between that and the curbstone are paved with small, mosaic like stones that form a smooth surface, and are easily removed and replaced. Beneath this space are laid the gas pipes, telegraph and electric light wires, pneumatic tubes, etc., so that in laying or repairing these the street pavement is not disturbed. The wires of the arc lights, as well as of the incandescent, all are carried underground, and in Berlin there are not to be seen the unsightly poles that so disfigure the streets in Mexican cities.—Cor. Mexican Financier.

The Home of the Telephone.

We remember well a number of leading Brantford gentlemen being guests of Professor Bell at his residence on Tutello Heights to experiment with a very crude telephone which Graham Bell, then teaching visible speech (an invention, by the way, of Melville Bell's in Boston), had been working at. It answered the purpose, of course, but was not nearly as handy or effective as the present instrument. It was here, too, that the first telephone line was strung from Professor Bell's to the city, some two miles, so that Brantford may very justly be designated the birthplace of the telephone, if not the birthplace of the inventor, who came from Scotland as a young man with his father. It was the development of the telephone system and the prospect of the munificent returns which followed which induced Professor Melville Bell, himself a man of wealth and endowed with high mental and inventive gifts, to leave here, much to the regret of the people of Brantford and, we believe, to his own.—Brantford Expositor.

Superstitious Railroad Men.

Another tragic point on the Houston and Texas railroad is Elm creek bridge. It is in a creek bottom, a few miles south of Corsicana, where a convict employed in the construction of the road was killed while attempting to escape. The tradition is that the unfortunate man was crammed in a water barrel, head down, and buried in scandalous haste. The superstitious think they can see his misty ghost as it flits across the track in front of the engine, ominous of evil. Here accident after accident has occurred; many engineers and firemen have lost their lives or been crippled for good, and thousands of dollars' worth of rolling stock and merchandise has been destroyed. The train men have therefore changed the name of the place to Bad Medicine, and declare that these calamities will be perpetual until the convict is exhumed and buried horizontally, so as to destroy his chances to kick at the road which cost him his life here below.—Houston Letter in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

What He Did.

One would say that Shakespeare, at least, must be the one exceptional prophet to be honored in his own country, but, widely spread as we know his fame to be, at least one Englishman had no very clear idea of its cause.

Some years ago, while passing through Stratford-on-Avon, Mr. Toole, the English comedian, saw a rustic sitting on a fence.

"That is Shakespeare's house, isn't it?" he asked, pointing to the building.

"Yes."

"Ever been there?"

"No."

"Brought up here?"

"Yes."

"Did he write anything?"

"Oh yes, he writ."

"What was it?"

"Well," said the rustic, "I think he writ for the Bible."—Youth's Companion.

What Did the Man Want?

A man went into a pancake restaurant on Griswold street and said to the waiter girl:

"Bring me an order of hot cakes, one at a time, and hurry up."

The girl brought a plate of hot cakes, and as he ate them had another one ready. This she did six or eight times, each relay being dispatched with relish. At the last he threw down his knife and fork.

"Look here," he thundered in a deep bass; "bring me something to eat. I don't want to swallow batter and syrup all day. Anybody'd think I was stuck on pancakes."—Detroit Free Press.

THE WESTSIDE

J. Hutcheson & Co.

70 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

GREAT REDUCTION SALE

Commencing Wednesday, 2nd July

Owing to the unfavorable Spring weather a larger amount than usual of SURPLUS SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK is on hand. To effect a clearance we have resolved to make A BIG REDUCTION SALE commencing on Wednesday, 2nd July, when all our Departments will be overhauled and marked down to prices which are sure to make room for our FALL PURCHASES. Space will allow us merely to enumerate a few of the reductions but a visit to THE WESTSIDE will convince the most skeptical of the genuine character of this important sale.

IN DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

THE FOLLOWING REDUCTIONS TAKE PLACE:

A line of Mottled dress goods to hand (late arrival) value for 50c., to be cut at 15c., per yard.

A splendid lot in Stripes and Checks, all wool, regular price 35c., sale price 20c., per yard.

44 in. Striped Brilliantines, regular price 75c., sale price, 50c.
44 in. Plain " " 60c., " " 45c.

A rare lot of all wool French Fouli Cloth, double width, retails at 75c., marked down to 55c., per yard.

Remnants, Remnants, in Black and Colored, Plain and fancy dress goods and Cashmeres at prices to clear.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

The best selection of SHORT JACKETS in the city to be Sold Cheap.

COLORED SUMMER MANTLES, a few to be sold under cost. Regular prices $10, reduced to $5.90; regular prices $12, reduced to $6.50.

BLACK SILK DOLMANS, the entire stock reduced from $9 to $6, from $12 to $7.50, from $14.50 to $9. Also a few special pattern Dolmans to be sold under cost.

DUST CLOAKS in black and colored (all sizes), usual price $4.50, reduced to $2.90; usual price $6, reduced to $3.50.

JERSEYS, black and colored, plain and braided, reduced from $3.75 to $2.50; reduced from $4 to $2.90; reduced from $4.50 to $3.25.
A big selection to choose from.

DRESSING GOWNS from $5 to $14.

Underwear and Hosiery

Ladies' Underwear in Ribbed Balbriggan, Short Sleeves 65c., reduced to 40c; Long Sleeves $1, reduced to 75c.

CHILDREN'S COTTON HOSE, plain and ribbed, black and colored, worth 40c., to be cleared at 20c. and 25c. per pair, all sizes.

REMNANTS OF PRINTS AND SATEENS, REMNANTS OF DRESS GOODS, | REMNANTS OF RIBBONS, REMNANTS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Handkerchiefs from 40c., per dozen.
Gloves in Silk Taffeta and Lisle.
Lisle Gloves worth 40c., reduced to 20 and 25c,
Sunshades in Sateen. Silk and Satin reduced to cost price.

A great many more bargains will be offered on Wednesday, 2nd July, at

THE WESTSIDE

J. HUTCHESON & CO., 70 Government St.

TO ABBOTSFORD.

From Vancouver { Via Mission-Sumas Branch of C. P. R.

From Seattle { Via Lake Shore and Eastern Railway.

ap17

THE BEST BUILDING SITES FOR SALE IN VICTORIA.

UPPER BELCHER STREET, near the residences of Mr. Dumbleton and Major Peters—lots from one and a half to three acres. A magnificent view of the Straits, Islands and Olympian Range.

BEACON HILL PARK. A few choice lots at a low figure and on easy terms.

H. E. CROASDAILE, - 42 FORT STREET.

DE VEULLE & CRUICKSHANK

Real Estate, Insurance Brokers and Accountants.

Money to Loan, Rents Collected and a General Brokerage Business Transacted.

jel NO. 12 BURNS' BLOCK.

SUITS TO ORDER, $15.00

Now is the time to get a cheap suit. I will for the next sixty days offer my entire stock of Summer Suitings at very low prices.

$20.00 SUITS, ALL WOOL, FOR $15.00.
$25 Suits for $20. $30 Suits for $25. $35 Suits for $30. $40 suits for $35.

Good pants to order for $5, $6 and $7, all wool, guaranteed as to fit and workmanship. Come early and secure a $15 suit of clothes.

R. J. MATTHEWS, Merchant Tailor, 101 Douglas St.

Campbell & Simpkins

HAVE RECEIVED FIRST INVOICE OF

SPRING GOODS.

Latest Styles. Latest Fashion Plates. 88 Government Street.

E. G. PRIOR & CO.

—— VICTORIA, B. C. ——

Gilpin and Buford Sulky Plows, Prairie Queen Breaking Plows

Essex Centre No. 30 Jointer Plows.

WHIPPLE WHEEL, ACME AND DISC HARROWS.

Hoosier Seed Drills, Pacific Seeders, Chatham Fanning Mills, Minneapolis Grain Cleaners.

Largest Assortment of Plows and Harrows IN THE PROVINCE. sep15d&w

See the "Brantford No. 3" Mower.

NEW MODEL FOR 1890.

The Best Machine out. Send for descriptive pamphlets or call and examine it before you go elsewhere.

Also New Pattern Tiger Sulky Hay Rakes, Self-dump ITHACA TWO-HORSE SULKY RAKES.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,

S. E. Corner of Yates and Broad Sts.,

BOX 86 VICTORIA, B. C. mar18

SCOTCH HOUSE

31 Fort Street.

McLEAN & STEWART.

Our Spring Stock of Clothing is now complete.

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS IN THE LATEST STYLES.

White and Colored Cricketing Flannel Shirts.

—ALSO—

A FINE LINE OF ENGLISH GLADSTONE BAGS.

feb27 McLEAN & STEWART.

NOTICE.

Estate of John Charles Frederick Giesleman, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Supreme Court of British Columbia has granted probate of the will of the deceased (dated 14th day of May, 1889) to Mr. Frank Curry and Mr. George Stelly, the executors therein named.

All persons indebted to or having claims against the estate are to make payment or application for payment to the executors at the office of the undersigned.

S. PERRY MILLS,
88 Langley Street, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Executors.

Dated 2nd July, 1890. jy2-1m

NOTICE.

AS I AM SHORTLY LEAVING THE CITY, notice is hereby given that all accounts against me will be paid on presentation on or before July 31, 1890, and I also request all persons indebted to me to settle their accounts before that date. If outstanding accounts are not paid by that time they will be placed in the hands of my attorney for collection.

RICHARD HILBERT.

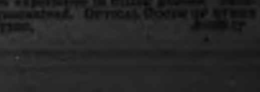
Victoria, June 23. je23-1d

NOTICE.

HAVING PURCHASED THE STOCK AND trade of H. Findley, 18 Yates street, I am prepared to do all kinds of blacksmith and carpenter work, furnish blacksmith supplies and rubber collars for [illegible]. Tools bought and sold. JAMES MORRISON.

S. S. HYAMS

ONLY OPTICIAN IN TOWN.



OPTICIAN, 2 FORT STREET, ONE DOOR from Government, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty-five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical Goods of every description. [illegible]

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice

RICE MEAL,

Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

jan7-1y

NOTICE TO GAS CONSUMERS.

GAS WILL BE SUPPLIED TO GAS Engines, Gas Stoves and high-power Gas Lamps for outside use at $1.25 per thousand feet.

High power Gas Lamps of 800 candle power and upwards will be supplied at a moderate rental.

For further particulars apply at the company's office, Langley street.

C. W. R. THOMSON,
Sec'y Victoria Gas Co., Limited.

nov25-3m

Patronize Home Manufacture.

Field and Lawn Rollers,
Garden Wheelbarrows,
THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Just received a fine assortment of the [illegible]

Rollers and Drills for hire at

ONTARIO WAGON SHOP,
William Powell.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

MERCANTILE AND GENERAL BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted for a definite period of time will be charged for at the following rates:

One week	15 cts per line	
Two weeks	25	" "
One month	50	" "
Three months	$3	" "
Six months	$1 50	" "
One year	2 75	" "

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion, and pro rata for more space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

The above rates refer to any page except the first, which is reserved for reading matter and undisplayed advertisements.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,

WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager.

LET US MAKE HAY WHILE THE SUN SHINES.

The Federal Election Law proposed by Mr. LODGE, of Massachusetts, is being bitterly opposed by the Democrats, and is regarded besides a dubious measure by many prominent Republicans. The Tacoma Globe, passing an opinion on it, sees no constitutional objections to its passage by Congress, but questions the expediency of so doing. "It is a question," says the Globe, whether it would tend to purify southern elections. The Southern States are not as poor as they were a few years ago, and the practice of buying the negro and poor white vote has already been adopted to a considerable extent. If this bill should pass it would make the practice as common throughout the South as it is in many parts of the North." The matter of fact and great unconcern with which the Globe acknowledges that bribery is rife argues not only an intimate acquaintance with the morals of the electorate, but indicates a disposition to accept the situation philosophically, with the mutual reservation, perhaps, that it is a game that two can play. And after all, the corruptionist will say, what difference does it make, this bribery business. It is presumed that those who bribe have some dark scheme on hand for plundering the public. But even this species of rascality has its limitations. There is a point beyond which the most audacious and abandoned scoundrel dare not go. He must confine his raids on the public purse to the limit of what the people will stand; he must besides, give stable government. Now, since we may not despoil the people of all they possess, and since he must administer government satisfactorially withal, what difference does it make by what manner or means he is put in power. Since all closely contested elections are usually favorable to those who have secured the most mercenaries, and since, apparently, government goes on just the same, why not all of us declare ourselves the humble servants of the highest bidder? Why should we not say to the candidate, we know that you are going to steal in the event of your election, and since we can't help ourselves except by hanging you, why we are open to the "good things going" as "Honest JOHN" says. Come now, dig up. As elections run now-a-days, as the recent election in Quebec is alleged to have been conducted, on honest man is a rarity. He has only the sweets of a clear conscience to console him, and it does not require a financier to point out that this is not legal tender. Let us all join the ranks of the mercenaries. Let us make hay while the sun shines.

COMBINES AND COMPETITION.

Excessive competition induces cheapness, and excessive cheapness, according to Lord ROSEBERY, is a curse, because cheapness means ill-paid labor, and generally speaking an inferior article. But what is to be done about it? If cheapness is a curse, where shall we find a remedy? By legislation? No! That has been tried and acts as a boomerange "co-operation" says Lord ROSEBERY. Yes! We have that exemplified in the sugar trusts and the coal barons. When the production of sugar exceeds the demand, and a collapse of the market is imminent, the sugar managers put their heads together, and, lo! the downward tendency of the market is checked. Just so with the coal barons. They have the means of approximating the demand for coal, and they never permit it to become a drug on the market. Probably the most successful combine in relation to the control of the market is that of the Standard Oil Company. This company sells an excellent quality of oil and they sell it cheap, but at no time do they sell their product at a loss. Unfortunately, however, the iron grip that these powerful companies have on the market in no sense accrues to the benefit of labor. The power that enables them to defy the law of supply and demand with respect to the prices of their products is equally potent in relation to labor. They can starve labor into submission. Combinations directed against so powerful an institution as the Standard Oil Co., would be a waste of energy. Nevertheless, inasmuch as corporations find it necessary to combine that a reasonable profit on their productions may be assured, it is patent that labor must combine also. What does this mean? It means nationalism, the very state of affairs of which BELLAMY dreamed, and over the prospect of which thousands of good people hold up their hands in holy horror. BELLAMY'S critics declare that his system would destroy individualism. Doubtless, under the BELLAMY plan inert people would become more inert. Men of active temperament, however, cannot keep still though their bread and butter be assured. What need had STANLEY to go to Africa the second time? Why need he go back the third time as he proposes to do so soon as his honeymoon is over? The mind of man is as restless as the heaving sea. He cannot be slothful if he would. With a full stomach he is ready for anything. It is only those who are ground down by poverty and hard work who throw up the sponge and who cast covetous eyes at the "castle of indolence."

HYPNOTISM.

Hypnotism, which is attracting considerable attention from scientists, is mesmerism under another name. The art was practiced by the ancients and it is not improbable that many of the miraculous cures alleged to have been accomplished by pagan priests and magicians were the effects of mesmerism or animal magnetism. The name hypnotism, first used by JAMES BRAID, means nerve-sleep. BRAID read a paper on the subject before the British association in 1842, and published a more detailed exposition of his methods and studies in the following year.

A Paris letter in the London Tablet of the 14th ult., explains some of the most remarkable results of hypnotism in the curing of diseases. Dr. VOISIN, of the Saltpetriere, took the correspondent to the hospital, and showed him the patients under his pypnotic treatment. One had been afflicted with "agonizing pains in the head, attacks of catalepsy and nervous troubles." The doctor had been able to hypnotize her only after the sixteenth attempt; but then her recovery was rapid.

"Well, how have you been since I saw you last?" asked the doctor, as the woman lay down on one of the beds. "Monsieur le docteur, I have had one or two slight headaches." "That won't do at all. I cannot allow that," and, bending over her, he proceeded to hypnotize her. Looking steadily at her between the eyes, while she looked at him, in half a minute her eyes close, and she is fast asleep. The doctor tells her that she will have no more pains, no more attacks. "C'est fini, tout cela—c'est," with emphasis, laying his hand on her head.

They left her sleeping peacefully. Another woman had suffered from partial paralysis, and also from delusions. She "was cured with the exception of a slight degree of numbness." Another had an incurable disease which caused incessant craving for drink. The doctor could not remove the organic disease, but he removed the desire for drink. Another who had been paralyzed in arms and legs, was "nearly cured; and she walked across the room to show me with glee how well she was getting." And so on through a dozen cases or more.

If hypnotism can produce such results as these what may we not look for in the way of healing? We are told, it is true, that organic disease cannot be conquered by its aid. But if paralysis can be overcome, and nervous disorders of various kinds, we are justified in looking for a revolution in the healing art. But then we must not forget that MESMER, and men who preceeded MESMER are said to have produced like wonderful results in their day. Yet the little excitement produced by them passed away and effected nothing permanent.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

It may be chiefly interesting to liquor dealers and topers, still it is a fact that there is a distillers' combine in Canada. Its members have just held a meeting and advanced the price of whiskey 15 cents a gallon.

Seven Waterloo veterans only responded to the invitation given them by Gen. Van Merlen, of Harlem, to celebrate the 75th anniversary of the battle. The oldest of them was born in 1792, and the youngest in 1798. Six out of the seven are in a state of complete destitution.

They have a whiskey combine in Eastern Canada, which has just increased the price of rye from 50 to 65 cents a gallon. As Canadian rye is sold at 12½ cents a glass in Victoria, it is not likely that saloon-keepers will advance the price any, the margin of profit being still wide enough to satisfy them.

Manitoba is getting along successfully so far, in her attempt to rid herself of the incubus of separate schools. The legislature passed an act abolishing the schools; that act has not been disallowed by the Dominion Government, and in a suit brought to test the matter, the Chief Justice of Manitoba has decided against the separate schools.

In the year 1706 the average weight of fatted steer in London and Liverpool markets was about 301 pounds. This, too, at the average age of five years. In 1735 this average was increased to 482 pounds. In 1830 the weight was 656 pounds, more than double that of 1706. The average weight of the fatted steer to-day is four times what it was in 1705, only 184 years ago.

There is speculation as to who will take FARRER'S place on The Mail. He had several able assistants—rising men who have done uniformly good work along with him. First among these is Mr. W. G. EAKINS, M. A., well known to many of our readers, and who is worthy of promotion to first place. Mr. EAKINS is one of the born journalists who has been fortunate in having a university training.

The following figures are from the British Board of Trade returns. The exports from Great Britain to Canada for May were £364,161, against £434,614 in May 1889; and for the five months the exports were £1,771,539, against £2,006,263 in the like five months of last year. The imports from Canada into Great Britain made a much better showing, the increase in the month of May being £53,733, and for the five months £107,055. The net decline in the trade between the two countries, therefore, is $81,426 for May; and for the five months $619,061. The increases are chiefly in live stock and fish, while in articles of food and lumber there is a falling off.

It may be a surprise to learn that statistics prove the sea to be safer to live upon than the land. The late THOMAS GRAY, of the board of trade marine department, London, points out that the death rate of sailors is under twelve per thousand; the loss of life by shipwreck is about a quarter of this; in fact, there are more lives lost among miners by accident than among sailors, and many more among railway employees. With regard to the general death rate, the fact that sailors, as a rule, are healthy when they begin their trade, and retire from it before old age incapacitates them from other work, must have a considerable, and probably, misleading influence on the figures.

The Louisiana Legislature strains at a gnat and swallows a camel. Its idea of morality may be gathered from its action in regard to public questions. A new law just passed prohibits prize fighting under heavy penalties. But the lottery, which brings a revenue of over $1,000,000 a year to the State, has passed the Legislature by a large majority. The only stipulation which the sapient legislators make is that the owner of the lottery shall not have a monopoly! In contrast with this indorsement of wholesale gambling by the Louisiana lawmakers, is the conduct of President DIAZ, of Mexico, who has just vetoed a scheme for the creation within the republic of a resort after the pattern of that European disgrace, Monte Carlo.

It is too bad that the Queen should be made to suffer for Postmaster RAIKES' fault, but if she will have such agents what else can she expect. The quarrel between Mr. RAIKES and his clerks is a long one, and, it would appear, of a more serious nature than generally supposed. Mr. RAIKES is one of those gentlemen who believes in long hours and small pay, who believes in working and starving employees to death that more money can be squandered in paying big salaries to political favorites. LABOUCHERE has hauled RAIKES over the coals often, and now, after this unlucky affair, Truth will probably develop more sarcasm at the postmaster's expense. The pay of the lower classes of the Government employees, in whatever the departments of the service, is wretchedly small. The minimum of wages under the Government should not be less than what the same class of labor would command in private business. It is to be regretted that the operators should have vented their spleen on the Queen; but then the good lady will probably understand that the blow was directed at her faithful but parsimonious ministers.

In a degenerate age of over-educated constituencies, observes an English exchange, it is refreshing to find a revival of the good old pocket-borough style. In the Altrincham Division of Cheshire, lately, a meeting of Conservatives, after expressing regret at the coming retirement of Sir WILLIAM CUNLIFFE BROOKS, accepted the candidature of Mr. CONINGSBY DISRAELI, who was then brought in to address them. Mr. CONINGSBY DISRAELI thanked the electors present for reposing their confidence in "a person they knew nothing about," and assured them that he met them "in the same spirit." He was there through the personal kindness of Sir WILLIAM BROOKS. He came under the name of DISRAELI, and his principles were "to maintain the institutions of our country." Our institutions were—first the Church, "whole and undivided," then our Monarchy, our Parliament, and our great Empire. "I have been brought up," said the speaker, "in an atmosphere of politics, and political questions have always been to me a great source of interest. I hope when I come to place my views before you they will obtain your confidence." He concluded by explaining that he should have been delighted, had circumstances permitted, to have had Sir WILLIAM CUNLIFFE BROOKS for his grandfather; that for himself at the election he would do his very utmost, and that no Englishman could promise more. This is a very fair parody of the fashion in which the proteges of borough-mongers used to speak at the hustings half a century ago. But what is to be thought of a political association which applauds this nonsense, and which takes its candidate blindfold.

LIVERPOOL, B.C.

The Fraser River Terminus of the New Westminster Southern Railway,

Opposite the rapidly growing City of New Westminster, and having deep water frontage on Fraser River.

The New Westminster Southern Railway runs from Liverpool to Fairhaven, Wash., where it connects with the great Northern Pacific Railway system. The Railway Company has now under construction at Liverpool a wharf 700 feet in length, costing about $10,000, and they intend to immediately erect workshops, passenger and freight stations, etc. The road is already graded between Liverpool and Fairhaven, and it is expected that trains will be in operation between the two places by 30th August, 1890.

A portion of the town site will be on the market on and after 16th June instant, and lots will be sold at low prices for a short time, and purchasers will have the benefit of first prices.

RAND BROS., General Agents,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C.

Dalby, Ballentyne & Claxton

AGENTS:

The British Columbia Fire Insurance Company.
The Royal Canadian Fire Insurance Company.

64 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

"The Real Estate Exchange."

15 acres on Oak Bay Avenue.
14 1-2 acres and 7-roomed house on Cedar Hill Road, $5,000.
3 acres and nice house fronting on the Arm, $11,000.
1 corner lot on Johnson Street, 80 x 81, $18,375.
5 nice lots on Belmont Avenue, "Fernwood," $500 up
14 acres on Oak Bay Avenue, price $12,500.
2 lots and house on Kings Road, $5,750.

2 lots on Work Street, $4,000.
6 1-2 acres Esquimalt Road, $8,000.
1 good lot on Niagara Street, 57 x 135, $700.
3 good lots on Craigflower Road, $400, $425, $450.
1 acre on Tolmie Estate, $1,500.
2 lots on Cedar Hill Road, extra value, $650.
House & grounds on Gorge Road, 10,000.

2 lots on North Chatham Street, $525 and $550.
1 acre on Old Esquimalt Road, $2,100.
4-roomed cottage and lot on Randall Street, $1,800.
1 lot on North Pandora Street, $550.
5 acres on Belcher Street, $8,000.
2 lots on Toronto Street, $2,700.
40 lots on Esquimalt Road, from $225 up.

House and lot on Gorge Road, $5,250.
2 lots on Cook Street for $2,500.
1 lot on Niagara Street, $750.
2 lots on Michigan Street for $3,000.
2 1-2 acres on St. Charles Avenue, $6,000.
5 acres on St. Charles Avenue, $15,000.

Richardson, Heathorn & Jones

MANUFACTURERS' AND IMPORTERS' AGENTS,

42 YATES ST., - VICTORIA

To the Trade:

Our Representatives are on the road with the full line of

McINTYRE, SONS & CO.'S (Montreal) GOODS

Consisting of the latest novelties from the European markets. We are appointed Sole Agents for this firm in British Columbia.

McINTYRE, SONS & CO.'S SPECIALTIES

Dress Goods
Gloves
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PORT CRESCENT,

The Ocean Terminus of the Northern Pacific Railway

THE VICTORIA, PORT CRESCENT AND CHEHALIS RAILWAY WILL BE COMPLETED BY THE 31st DECEMBER, 1891,

WILL GIVE VICTORIA ITS NEAREST CONTINENTAL CONNECTION.

More than 3,000,000 Acres of the Richest Land in the State of Washington, lying to the West and Southwest, are directly tributary to Port Crescent.

We strongly recommend to our friends and the public generally the advisability of securing a few lots at present prices. Lots that to-day can be bought for hundreds will be worth in a few months as many thousands. We have a limited number of choice lots at present on sale.

APPLY **LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.**

EDITORIAL NOTES.

STANLEY entertains a high opinion of of SALISBURY'S settlement with Germany the African controversy, claiming that by the agreement 500 square miles of territory are added to the British possessions, and that it is now possible to realize the great dream of those concerned in the exploration and civilization of Africa from the Cape of Good Hope to Cairo. The Dark Continent is about three times as large as Europe, and it is estimated that its population numbers 325,000,000 souls. In the struggle to secure possession of the avenues of trade, the European Governments have resorted to some measures that were unjustifiable, and divided vast domains without regard to the rights of those who have been in possession for centuries. It is a case of might makes right.

Newfoundland has been wonderfully patient under the anomalous and increasingly exasperating situation in which it has been placed through the fishery treaties with France. The first was that of Utrecht, in 1713; then the treaty of Paris, 1763; next the treaty of Versailles, 1783, accompanied by a declaration from His Britannic Majesty by way of explanation, and lastly the two treaties of Paris, 1814 and 1815. By those treaties France was given and confirmed in certain fishery rights on the Newfoundland coast. The next of the treaties clearly shows that those rights appertained to the cod fishery alone; that was the only fishery known at the time in connection with Newfoundland, and therefore the subject is generally referred to in the treaties as "the fishery"; as no other thought was in the minds of the negotiators it was not considered necessary to distinguish or qualify it by the use of the word "cod."

Cleopatra's Needle.

The report that the inscriptions on Cleopatra's Needle are showing signs of decay is unfounded. Mr. John Dixon, the contractor for conveying the monolith from Egypt, after making a careful, critical examination, failed to detect upon its surface any sign of decay whatever. In making his report on the soundness of the needle, Mr. Dixon expressed the opinion that it was practically indistructible, giving as a reason the total absence of mica from the stone. In all other granites this readily destructible material exists. Morover, it must not be forgotten the centuries that have passed away since this ancient monument was erected by the Pharaoh Rameses II at the main gateway at his great temple at On, the Heliopolis of the Greeks. There it stood for eighteen centuries, and way about the year 23 B. C. removed by order of Cleopatra to the palace she was erecting for her friend and constant visitor Julius Cæsar. The architect appointed by her was Pontius, the father of Pontius Pilate, the Governor of Judea. Pontius had eight bronze crabs cast, and placed them under the corner of the rounded stones, and on the big claw which alone remained was, when the pedestal was cleared of its surrounding sand, found this inscription: "In the sixth year of Augustus Cæsar, I. Barbarus, Perfect of Egypt, caused these obelisks to be erected by Pontius, the architect." Since then another nineteen centuries are passed, and even this 3,700 years of weathering has not eraced a portion of the hieroglyphics.—Architect, London, England.

Big Railroad Business.

The London and Northwestern Railway company has a capital of £105,600,000, an annual revenue of £10,300,000, and an annual expenditure of £5,300,000. The number of persons employed by the company is 60,000, and in the locomotive department 16,000; the miles operated are 2,500; there are 800 stations; 30,000 signal levers are in use; there are 13,500 lamps lighted every night; there are 1,400 cabins; the number of passengers carried annually is 87,000,000; the weight of tickets issued 50 tons; the number of tons of goods and minerals carried, 36,000,000 annually; engine mileage per year, 35,525,334.—Once a Week.

Grape Fruit in the South.

It has been said by more than one southern fruit grower that a fortune was waiting the man who had the courage to plant a grove of grape fruit trees, and depend on them for a living. Heretofore there has been no systematic cultivation of the trees. Two or three trees are planted around the yards or orchards for ornament as much as for anything else, and allowed to take care of themselves. If properly treated, however, their yield would be much larger than it is today, and a good profit could be made from them.—Garden and Forest.

FOUR ROBISONS SIGHED.

A Characteristic Story of the Early Days in the Oil Country.

Grouped around a table in a well-known Fifth avenue restaurant were Samuel D. Robison, of Titusville, who has followed the developments since 1869 from Butler to Richburg; William C. Robison, mayor of Monongahela City; Charles W. Robison, Assemblyman from Allegheny, and the uncle of the three gentlemen just named, who, by the way are brothers, Quincy Robison.

It was the first time the quartette had met for years, and good cheer and fellowship reigned supreme, while wit's electric flame dispeled thoughts of the day and its dull care. As naturally happens to friends who have not met for years, they were in a reminiscent mood, and Quincy Robison related an incident of the early history of the oil regions which may give the children of the present generation a vague idea of the magnitude of the transactions which took place when oil was $3 and $9 a barrel, and poor people gained a competency by scooping it off the surface of creeks, or gathered it from pools around the tanks which had overflowed. The story, as told by Mr. Robison, was as follows:

"Within a month after Colonel Drake had struck the first petroleum ever brought to the surface in America by means of drilling, my father and the father of my relatives here bought a tract of land comprising 1,280 acres, adjoining the farm on which the Drake well was located, for $550,000. Not long afterward I was sitting in their office one day—I remember it as distinctly as though it happened only yesterday—when an agent for an Eastern syndicate walked in and offered $500,000 for the 1,280 acres. The owners looked at him rather incredulously for a moment, but before they could speak he had counted out on the table $500,000 in cash and drafts, which he offered for a deed of the tract. I was appalled by the sight of the pile, but my father and the father of these gentlemen retired for consultation and decided that if the property was worth $500,000 it was worth $1,000,000, and the offer was refused. Their heirs still own the land, and now it is valued at about $20,000. Where they could have gotten dollars we could scarcely get nickels. Thus you can see what seemingly fairy stories could be told of those days. They are almost incomprehensible to the present generation, but they were red-hot facts."

And a sigh of regret that the offer had not been accepted went round the circle.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

It Was a Failure With Him.

Mrs. Mona Caird, the inquisitive lady who first cast the interrogatory bomb-shell into a panic-stricken crowd, "Is Marriage a Failure?" has lately been studying Budhism. Here is one instance where she found an affirmative answer. The matrimonial relations of the Buddha family were not as satisfactory as could have been desired, even for the stage of civilization existing 2,300 years ago. Before this couple had been married a year Gautama deserted Mrs. Buddha and took to the woods; that is, he went afar off and sat under a bo tree until, by long reflection and deep contemplation, he discovered that life was not worth living. Then he came home, and, like the young man of the nineteenth century, appeared perfectly willing to live on the charity of his father-in-law.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

The New Handwriting.

Has anybody noticed the quiet changes that have been going on in fashionable handwriting? That once called "English" style has quietly vanished from polite society. In its place is found a rounder, more legible script that does not take up half the room, and is read in one-quarter time. "Learn to acquire the angular hand" can no longer be set as a copy book text, if these signs of the times be true. By all the signs the principal object of the new handwriting is to make itself clear, and for this reason the rounded letters have quietly edged out the stilted ones, and once more carries the rule of common sense into a fashionable matter.—Philadelphia Ledger.

A Smokeless Furnace.

A new feature in furnace building was introduced at the power house being erected in Alleghany City by the Pleasant Valley Street Railway company. The novelty consists of a smokeless furnace. It is a contrivance by which the fuel is automatically dumped into the furnaces, causing regular combustion, proper feed of air, and, it is claimed, an economy of 20 per cent. in fuel. Last of all, this very economy in the burning of fuel makes the furnace practically smokeless. Six stokers are placed in the new plant, and it is estimated that they will save the labor of four men.—New Orleans Picayune.

GLADSTONE ON NOVELS.

The Grand Old Man's Sensible Opinion on Religious Romance.

Mr. Gladstone has just written an article which he penned after reading "Ellen Middleton," a novel written in 1844, and republished a few years ago, by the late Georgiana Fullerton.

Mr. Gladstone, prefacing his account of the work, declares that it is seldom that readers have the good fortune to find the true preacher in the guise of a novelist, as well as with the vestments of the female sex. Too truly it may be said of many novels of the day that while they have escaped from the rudeness and grossness of earlier times, it has been by an artificial and unhealthful process—they have diffused the poison, not expelled it; they are whited sepulchers; and their uncleanliness remains within, because they are still intended to stimulate appetite, and not to minister food. In another class of romance, where religion is more copiously infused and more distinctly exhibited, the combination is generally inharmonious and repulsive.

"Indeed," the right honorable gentleman affirms, "we fear that many fictions of the class termed religious may have produced a revulsive effect."

The authoress of "Ellen Middleton" has assailed that which constitutes, as we are persuaded, the master delusion of our own time and country, and in the way of parable, and by awful example has shown us how they that would avoid the deterioration of the moral life within them must strangle their infant sins by the painful acts and accessories of repentance, and how, if we fall short of this by dallying with them, we nurse them into giants for our own misery and destruction.

Mr. Gladstone then briefly relates a part of the story of Ellen Middleton, and proceeding with his analysis and moralising upon the case, continues:

"Religion of late years has been driven back in great part from that acknowledged position of prominence and authorized power which it once used to occupy in ordinary life; although not absolutely 'relegated into obscure municipalities and rustic villages,' yet it cowers and skulks in society, and manifests not itself until, by some careful application of the touchstone, it has ascertained in what quarters sympathy exists. Or else, in minds more fearless, or less delicate, it projects upon the surface, not in its natural effluence, but according to some harsh and crude form, with effort and with assumption."—N. Y. Herald.

A Saving Box for Girls.

It need not be a box at all; it may be a silk bag, or a big-welled ink-stand, or it may be a Satsuma jar. But have it. Then, when the day is done and the purse is being looked over, count out the pennies and spare some to the savings box. My dear girl, it is your independence. The pennies, half-dimes and dimes count up, and then, when you want to surprise mother with a birthday gift, when you want to go on a frolic, or when you would like to have a good photograph, a really good one to give somebody who is very fond of you, the money saved is then brought forth. Just try going without a few things—a car-fare now and then, some candies, or the very latest in collars, and dedicate the ducats to the box. You will be amazed to see how they accumulate. And best of all, the saving habit will come to you. That does not mean lack of generosity, it means thought for the future. Some masculine philosopher said women only began to save money when they had passed thirty, but if that is true, it is because the savings box idea was not taught from youth.—N. Y. Examiner.

A Modern American House.

A modern American house, with all the recent improvements, is a most wonderful affair, and an inspection while being constructed gives one a good idea of the extent to which the arts and sciences are applied to minister to our comfort. The space between the walls is crowded with tubes and pipes of every description. Steam, gas, hot and cold water are carried to all parts of the building, speaking tubes and ventilating shafts are connected with every room, while great cables of insulated wire, as large as a ship's hawser, illustrate the manifold uses to which electricity may be put. Call bells, automatic gas lighting and incandescent lamps are only a few of these applications, and the day is not far distant when some simple form of electric motor to run the sewing machine and furnish a supply of power for many other purposes will be found in every first class dwelling. As regards sanitary and drainage arrangements, their construction has become a science in itself. It may be safely said that there is not a royal palace in all Great Britain or Europe which is as luxurious, or even as comfortable, as the house of the average American of moderate means.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Salmon Fisheries in Alaska.

During the season of 1889 250,000 cases of salmon were put up from the Karluk. A case contains forty-eight pounds. The whole catch for four months amounted to 12,000,000 pounds of canned salmon. In one day 150,000 red salmon (Oncorhynchus nerka) were taken. The average weight of these fish is about ten pounds. They are taken mostly in seines; no machinery is used, and about thirty men are required to handle a seine, the largest of which are 1,500 feet long, 20 deep, with a 3½ inch mesh. Dories and boats are used, and a great many sailing vessels are employed at the canneries. The capital invested is not more than $4,000,000, and the product is about $1,000,000 more—the plant and product for one year representing nearly the whole cost of the territory of Alaska. White men are employed to superintend the work of the canneries and to do the fishing. The season extends from June to October.—Alaskan.

Church and People.

We hear a great deal nowadays about the diminished attendance at church. As a matter of fact, we suspect that there is in most communities as large a proportion of church goers as in the more devout past times with which such damaging comparisons are often made. However that may be, one thing is true: we do find a tendency in this day to think of churches as a sort of Sunday lyceums. We are a good deal in the habit of going to church with the object of being entertained by the preacher.

Perhaps the neglect of the worship idea may account, in part at least, for the difficulty of filling our Protestant churches. The Romanists gather great congregations at all hours and in all weather. It is not by offering pulpit attractions, but by pressing the obligation of worship. We may sneer at it as superstition. A slight infusion of the same sentiment would be wholesome for many Protestant Christians.—Baptist Examiner.

NOTICE.

Solid Silver Butter Knives,
Solid Silver Cake Knives,
Solid Silver Coffee Spoons,
Solid Silver Fruit Spoons,
Solid Silver Jelly Knives,
Solid Silver Napkin Rings,
Solid Silver Pie Knives,
Solid Silver Sugar Spoons,

AND AN IMMENSE

STOCK OF PLATEDWARE

AT

DAVIDSON BROS.,

Watchmakers and Jewelers

3 YATES STREET

FOR SALE.

500 to 600 Acres of Land

on the line of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo railway within 15 minutes of Victoria. Situated on three sides of Langford Lake, and very desirable for country residences. Consisting of divisions 85 86 87 93, 112 A, 113 and 116 Esquimalt District. To be sold as a whole or in divisions. On 112 A there is a beautiful little lake the banks of which are remarkably well adapted for houses. Fine Cedar and Douglas pine on some of the land.

Tenders will be received for the whole or divisions.

Tenders to be addressed to

MRS. JOHN WATKINS,
95 Meares St.

Fancy Goods! Fancy Goods!

We have just received by the last steamer a large assortment of China and Japan banner goods and a full line of

Embroidered Silk Handkerchiefs,
SHAWLS, SATIN SCREENS,
MORNING GOWNS.

Porcelain Tea Sets,
Colored Mattings,
Tea, Bronze and
Sandalwood Goods,

WHICH WE WILL SELL AT

THE LOWEST PRICES

Hoping you will give us a call, we remain very respectfully yours,

KING TIE CO., 8 Cormorant Street,
VICTORIA, B. C.

LIST OF PROPERTY

On which taxes have been due and unpaid for two years and upwards and which will be sold on the first day of September, 1890, at the City Hall, Victoria, at 12 o'clock noon in pursuance of the Victoria Real Estate Tax Sale By-law, 1890, unless in the meantime the arrears of taxes and costs due in respect of each lot in the schedule hereunder written be paid.

LOT.	BLOCK.	AMOUNT OF TAXES.	COSTS.	TOTAL.
19	12	$576 80	$63 44	$640 24
E. two thirds 24	3	67 20	7 40	74 60
One-half 25	3	89 10	9 80	98 90
W. one-half 26	3	122 80	13 50	136 30
33	3	51 00	5 61	56 61
Part 87	26	70 38	7 73	78 11
145	V	124 08	13 64	137 72
377	4	117 20	12 89	130 09
Part sub. 4 of 618, 619	M	31 00	3 41	34 41
Part sub 8 of 602, 600	M	33 44	3 68	37 12
East part 876	J	27 56	3 03	30 59
East one-half 878	J	37 30	4 10	41 40
940	42	48 60	5 34	53 94
991	9	75 00	8 25	83 25
992	9	36 60	4 03	40 63
993	9	22 20	2 44	24 64
997	17	35 50	3 90	39 40
1007	17	23 40	2 57	25 97
Sub. 13 of 1257	T	46 80	5 15	51 95
Sub. 8 of 1694	56	7 60	84	8 44
Sub 34 of 1694	56	10 50	1 15	11 65
Sub. 4 of 1772	61	27 50	3 03	30 53
WORK ESTATE.				
4	D	21 90	2 41	$24 31
10	W	77 60	8 54	86 14
SPRING RIDGE.				
A	64	6 00	66	6 66
B	64	6 00	66	6 66
7	69 to 72	3 90	43	4 33
8	"	3 90	43	4 33
9	"	3 90	43	4 33
10	"	4 80	53	5 33
11	"	4 80	53	5 33
12	"	6 90	76	7 66
17	"	3 90	43	4 33
18	"	3 90	43	4 33
19	"	3 90	43	4 33
20	"	42 60	4 68	47 28
43	"	34 80	3 83	38 63
48	78	3 60	40	4 00
51	"	44 90	4 94	49 84
FINLAYSON ESTATE.				
1	B	48 00	5 28	53 28
2	B	25 20	2 77	27 97
5 ACRE LOTS.				
One-half of Sub 28	11	18 06	2 05	21 01
Part Sub. E	V	17 00	1 87	18 87
Sub. 1	E ½ VI	11 20	1 24	12 43
" 2	"	10 30	1 13	11 43
" 3	"	10 30	1 13	11 43
" 11	"	10 60	1 16	11 76
" 12	"	10 00	1 10	11 10
" 13	"	10 00	1 10	11 10
" 5	XIII	7 60	83	8 43
" 45	"	40 80	4 49	45 29
" 46	"	40 80	4 49	45 29
" 51	"	62 10	6 83	68 93

City Hall, Victoria, June 2, 1890. CHARLES KENT, Collector.

BOOTH'S GENUINE

QUININE WINE!

The Best Appetizer and Tonic Known.

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHER PREPARATIONS

IN SUCH DISEASES AS

Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers, Dyspepsia, Nervous Affections, Convalescence from Exhausting Diseases, and Functional Derangement of the Stomach.

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SEED OATS.

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125 Gov't Street.

BARGAIN ---- JAMES BAY.

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A lot and nearly new house containing 5 rooms; subject to a Building Society mortgage; payable on easy terms.

For particulars and cards to view apply to

FLINT & WILLIAMS,

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CHAS. HAYWARD,

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FLOUR

---FOR FAMILY USE.---

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Sold at Wholesale by

ISOM LANNING & CO.,

ALBANY, OREGON.

WOMEN IN CRIME.

How They Compare With the Sterner Sex in Dark Deeds.

Maitre Proal of the bar of Aix has published the comparative study of male and female crime in France during the last year, the following extract appearing in the London News: His object is to refute the theory of the anthropological criminalists, headed by Lambroso, who hold that women more closely resemble the pre-historical types of the human race than men. In the period named there were 4,298 convictions for felony, in which 3,672 of the prisoners were men and 626 women. Of 84 cases of poisoning two-thirds were committed by women; 176 men were convicted of arson, as against 53 women. Of the 295 cases of murder 248 were by men and 47 by women. In 15 cases of homicide and vitrol throwing by women actuated by revenge, the accused were acquitted, extenuating circumstances being admitted, and are not technically to be held guilty. Women, it may be said, are prevented by their want of muscular strength from committing murders of a brutal kind; but this objection would not apply to theft. Of 46,285 persons convicted for theft, 35,687 were men and 10,698 women. In cases of shoplifting women are in excess of men, and ladies are more frequently convicted than women of the poorer classes. Notwithstanding the fact that in France women are as often in business as men, they are much less often guilty of fraud than members of the other sex. Of these latter 3,596 were convicted, while only 681 women were charged with the same offense. M. Proal's conclusion is that in France seven-eighths of the criminals are males, which in his opinion is a reason for placing women on an equal footing with men in regard to civil and other rights.

LONDON NEWS.

The Name of Postmaster-General Raikes Hissed by the Telegraph Clerks.

LONDON, July 3.—The conduct of the staff of telegraph clerks in the general office in London, in answering the call for cheers for the Queen and Postmaster-General Raikes with a groan on the occasion of the postal jubilee at South Kensington yesterday, has greatly enraged Mr. Raikes, and will doubtless hasten the settlement of the differences now existing between the telegraphers and the post-office department, either through a strike or the resignation of Raikes. The matter is the topic of wide discussion, and the general opinion is that if the Queen had been publicly insulted, Raikes is responsible for it. It appears that as the finale of the jubilee, it was arranged by a connection of the wires that there should be a simultaneous cheer for the Queen in every telegraph station throughout the kingdom. Two thousand people were waiting in the general office to hear the manifestation of royalty to their sovereign, to which the telegraphers were expected to give vent when the signal should be given. The signal was flashed over the wires and the assembled Britons were horrified when there burst from the throats of the general staff a hoarse groan whose depth was not relieved by a single cheer. Scarcely had the groan ceased, when another deeper one followed as an expression of the feeling entertained for Raikes by the clerks. To-day the Postmaster-General ordered that the clerks sign an apology for their conduct, and the demand was promptly and unqualifiedly refused, the spokesmen of the clerks declaring that the men did not feel that they had anything for which they should apologise; but on the contrary, would repeat their manifestations, so far as Raikes was concerned, under similar circumstances.

LONDON, July 2.—The parliamentary election at Barrow-in-Furness to-day, the outcome of which was looked forward to with much interest and considerable anxiety by all parties, resulted in a victory for the Gladstonian candidate. The vacancy was caused by the resignation of W. S. Cain, Liberal-Unionist, who wished to test the feeling of his constituency regarding the licensing clauses of the local taxation bill relating to compensation of publicans and who resigned just before the clauses referred to were dropped by the Government.

The vote was Duncan (Gladstonian) 1994, Wainwright (Conservative) 1862, Cain (Liberal Unionist) 1280. In 1886 Cain was elected by 2213 to 1882 for the Home Rule candidate.

CANADA A CONNECTOR.

John Cameron Bids Good-Bye to the old Globe and is Banquetted.

TORONTO, June 29.—Friends of John Cameron, for nearly eight years past general manager of the Globe newspaper, tendered him a banquet last evening at the Reform club on the occasion of his retirement from that position. A good many prominent Conservatives were among the guests who numbered nearly one hundred of the most prominent men of the city, and the chair was taken by Mayor Clarke, himself a prominent Conservative and member of the Ontario Legislature. Among the guests were Hon. Oliver Mowat, Prof. Goldwin Smith, John I. Davidson, the president of the board of trade, and others. Mayor Clarke, as chairman, proposed the health of Mr. Cameron, who, replying at some length, concluded his remarks as follows: "There is plenty of honest work before the journalists of the Dominion. That part of the world known as Canada has within it every element necessary to a great future, be the exact form of that future whatever Providence may decree, and the future of Canadian journalism will be also great. Quite unique is the position occupied by Canada as a sort of connecting link between the two great English-speaking countries of Great Britain and the United States; Canadians have as many ties of relationship with one as with the other. Stretching out hands of friendship as we do, to each great nation, I can conceive of nothing loftier; nothing more pregnant with happiness to mankind, than a determination on the part of the journalists of Canada to use their high responsibilities in such sort as to bind together forever Great Britain, the United States and Canada." The sentiments found hearty applause from the guests present. Mr. Cameron leaves the Globe to resume the management and editorship of the London Advertiser, the journal founded by himself and in which he has always retained a controlling interest. He is succeeded by J. S. Willison as editor.

Hypnotizing a Hen.

Within the last month I have made an interesting experiment with a fowl. Some choice eggs being sent me for hatching purposes (having no hen at that time broody and no incubator) I determined to set one of my hens on these eggs and keep her there by the force of mesmeric power. The eggs were not fresh when I received them, and to keep them with the uncertain hope of a hen becoming broody might have been fatal to their hatching. I therefore went against nature and set my hen upon these eggs; she was in full lay at the time, and remained so throughout the three weeks that she was sitting, laying, according to wont, two out of three days. Those who understand poultry will appreciate that no hen will do this, having become naturally broody, although for the first day or two after being set on eggs I have had hens lay once or even twice. Marking the eggs I set her upon, I was able to know and withdraw the eggs she kept laying. The first day I placed her on the eggs it took me half an hour to bring her into a hypnotic condition; but each successive day, after having roused her to drink and eat, I was able to sooth her to drowsy placidity in much less time; also there were days, for which I can give no reason, when I had to go to her more than once in a day, she being in a restless, excited state trying to get off the nest. The result has been much to my own astonishment, that four out of seven of these eggs have hatched and are healthy, happy little chickens. At night I can still influence the mother to her maternal duties, but in the daytime she takes no notice of them.

E. T. CHAPLAIN.

ORIGINAL PACKAGES.

North Dakota's Prohibition Law Goes into Effect—No Treating is Allowed.

BISMARCK, N.D., July 2.—Last night at exactly 12 o'clock every saloon and liquor house in North Dakota closed its doors, according to the prohibition law which went into effect at that hour. Notwithstanding the apparently iron-clad prohibition law passed by the legislature last winter, barring intoxicating liquor, it will be as freely disposed of as ever, though treating at the bar is necessarily done away with. The original package depots are already in active operation. Fargo has 150 such depots, Grand Forks a similar number, Bismarck, Jameston and Mandan about half a dozen each. About half of the saloon keepers in North Dakota have signified their intention of selling original packages or have gone out of the business entirely. As a general rule the first-class saloons, with substantial backing are the ones that will defy the law, while the lager beer resorts are forced out. They all expect to have a tussle or two with the law, but are determined to sell the original packages.

Some parts of North Dakota will be dry, as the agencies have not been thoroughly established. Not a drink of liquor can be obtained for love or money in Bismarck this week, but next week the anti-prohibitionists will rejoice over the arrival of a number of carloads of beer, in bottles and kegs, direct from eastern firms, who have a specialty of the original package business. An original package is nothing more than beer dispensed over a bar in the usual shape, and the customary beer faucets have outlived their day of usefulness in North Dakota.

The man who is wedded to his morning eye-opener can get the mixture without any trouble in a parcel containing one or as many drinks as he sees fit to carry along, but he cannot treat his neighbor at their bar, consequently there will be a decrease in the liquor traffic in this state.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—W Wilson, E G Wilson, E T Campbell, H Parker, Wm Tyler, Jno Collins, J Lascelles, D Ross, W C Haywood, J R McNeill, Miss Pidwell, Miss Higgins, R P Cooke, M Fry, M Jenkins, Wm Allen, E Carter, J Green, J Linton, G C Salt, A W Simpson, A Williams, F N Martin, Miss McDowell, Mrs Hammersley, Mrs Archibald, Miss Archibald, Miss Lawrence, Mrs T Sinclair, W G Miller, Mrs Miller, D Munro, E E Johnson, C G Hobson, Mr Boyle M P, W Skene, Miss Howard, W Ferris, G A Keefer, Mrs W Wilson, Miss Wallace, R E Ramsey, J D Gillis, T E Knapp, Mrs Knapp.

Per Steamer Olympian from the Sound—Oscar Ider, T Wilson, G H Farham, M Pardon, N Larson, G Thomson, G W Evans, E D Strout, A Wilson, A J Johnson, Miss Case, E Hunt and wife, G Marion, J Polinsky, A Watson, H Davis, wife and son, H McLaughlin, F W Finn, wife and son, A Garton, wife and son, E C Crocker, T Wilson, J Dixon, J Redmond and wife, J Hastie, J F Watts, P McDonald, J B Blake and daughter, J Fawcett, F Houghton, C Reed, J Norwood, J Nelson, A Baird, A Strand, F W Holt, A Fenski and wife, J Gordon, J W Smith, Mrs J A Bell, A McLeod.

Per Str City of Kingston from the Sound—W R Higgins and wife, A Buchanan, C G Rathaway, W D Smith and wife, C W Prentice, J J Gristal, J R Cain, A Van Volkenburg, Mrs Dickenson, Mrs Hodges, D Rowley, M Folts, G Goodeen, Mrs Walker, Mrs Morrison, W H DeWitt and wife, Miss Meakin, T Reed, Miss Hansen, Mrs Stickney, Mrs Steiner and daughter, Mrs Thomas, L Connett, C F Trent and wife, C Sansen, A L McLeod and wife, Mrs Reed and two daughters, J N Consett, L Copeland, Miss Storey, J F Trowbridge and wife, S O Wheelwright, W D Arnold and wife, W Lang, C Stuckert, M Maschmeyer, T Drummond.

CONSIGNEES.

Per the Steamer Islander from Vancouver—Roy C Watson, Alb Iron Works, W J Tippins, J Coughlan, R H Jamieson, Major Peters, H Saunders, Colbert & Warner, S Leiser, Fell & Co, Cowan & Wilson, Dom Exp Co.

Per Steamer Olympian from the Sound.—J H Todd & Son.

Per Str City of Kingston from the Sound—P McQuade & Son, Brackman & Ker, J Sehl, Matthews E & Try, M W Waitt & Co, G H Maynard, C H M Sutherland, J Sommers, C Warner.

Per Steamer Lakme from Portland—Albion Iron Works, D T & H W Ry, Fell & Co, J Sehl, J Weiler, P McQuade & Son, Union Colliery Co.

"Lincrusta Walton," the most popular of all wall decorations at John Weiler's 51 to 55 Fort street. *

F. Richards, the Champion Boot Black, formerly with W. Whittaker, has taken an 18 months' lease of the Gem barber shop window, 74 Yates street, opposite the Poodle Dog. Call and get a patent leather shine. *

PICNIC.

Ladie's Gents, Misses, Boys' and Children's tan colored and canvas shoes in great variety. Just the thing for picnics, at Mansell's.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, Washington, D. C.

By an analysis of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder I find it carefully compounded, and I regard it as the best baking powder in the market in every respect.

PETER COLLIER,
Late Chemist of the United States Department of Agriculture.

SPECIAL FOR THE HOLIDAYS

SEE OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF

BOOTS and SHOES.

Tan Goods, Oxfords,
Tan Goods, Oxfords,
Tan Goods, Oxfords,

IN ENDLESS VARIETY.

Besides our usual large and well assorted stock of all descriptions of BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. FULLERTON, 103 GOVERNMENT STREET,
May22 PEOPLE'S SHOE STORE.

NEW GOODS FOR SPRING.

BABY CARRIAGES; a beautiful line just opened.
LANCASTER WINDOW SHADING;
Some new patterns.

CARPETS, : LINOLEUMS, : CURTAIN : POLES, : WALLPAPER,

And Antique Furnishings constantly arriving.

LINCRUSTA WALTON,

The most popular of all wall decorations. Also

Largest Stock of Furniture of all kinds, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps and general House Furnishing Goods, in the Province, at

JOHN WEILER'S

Showrooms, 51 to 55 Fort St. - - - - Factory, Humbolt St.

FISH'S COMPOUND EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA AND OREGON GRAPE FOR THE LIVER AND BLOOD

The Best Spring Medicine Known.

(Compounded solely from herbs.)

THOMAS FISH, Herbalist and Chemist

86 BLANCHARD STREET, BETWEEN PANDORA AND JOHNSON.

Pupil of the late Saml. Jno. Stratford, M.D., M.R.C.S., Eng.
Over 30 years experience in medicines.

WM ECKERT,

The Cash Grocer's Quotations:

Flour, per bbl.	$5 25	Tomatoes, 6 tins new	$ 55
Oatmeal, Rolled, 18 lbs. for	1 00	Peas, 6 tins, new	55
" Saanich, 10 " "	45	Jams and Jellies, 5 lb. tins	1 00
Corn Meal, 10 " "	40	Pie Fruit, Assorted, gallon tins	75
Sago and Tapioca, 12 " "	1 00	Mince Meat, Superior, 5 lb. tins	1 00
Rice, 20 " "	1 00	Sugar, Light Brown, 18 lbs.	1 00
Peas, Green or Split, 18 " "	1 00	Sugar House Drips, per gallon	80
Beans, White or Brown, 20 " "	1 00	Vinegar, Malt "	60
Currants (new), 10 " "	1 00	Vinegar, White Wine "	65
Raisins, Valencia (new), 10 " "	1 00	Butter, Creamery 30 cts per lb 3 lbs for	90
Prunes, from 6 to 12 " "	1 00	Ham, Fidelity	18
Apples, Dried (new), from 6 to 9 " "	1 00	Bacon, 10 cts per lb, or 7 lbs for	1 00
Peaches " " 6 " "	1 00	Coal Oil, Pearl per tin	1 75
Apricots " " 6 " "	1 00	Tobacco, Smoking, 5 plugs	1 00
Peaches, 3 to 4 tins, new	90	Eggs, Island 30 per doz. Imported	25
Apricots, 3 tins, new	90	Coffee, Victoria Blend	35
Pine Apples, 3 tins, new	90	" Mocha, Java and Ceylon	45
Corn 7 " "	1 00	Tea, 3 lbs M M for	1 50
Butter, Fresh Grass Roll, per roll	35	Granulated Sugar, 11 lbs for	1 00

Remember the place, 173—Government street, corner Herald—173

mar15-3m-dw

MACHINERY.

Saw, Planing, Flour, Woollen Mill and Brickyard Machinery OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

MILL SUPPLIES KEPT IN STOCK. SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES.

F. G. STRICKLAND & CO., New Westminster, B.C.

june8-1y

NELSON ISLAND GRANITE CO.

(LIMITED.)

The company is now prepared to fill all orders promptly, of the best Granite, and at the lowest possible prices.

This Granite is perfectly free from all iron rust, black knots, and other imperfections. Samples furnished on application and prices quoted. For further particulars apply to

R. L. FOX, or to EDWD. J. THAIN, Secretary,
P. O. Box 1,312, Seattle. no29-6m P. O. Box 654, Victoria, B.C.

STEAMBOATS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,

Until further notice,

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo .... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox .... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo .... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria .... Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or passage apply on board. oc17

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 11,

Taking effect March 22, 1890.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 4 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Saturday.

Fraser River Route.

Steamers leave New Westminster for Hope and way landings every Wednesday; For Chilliwhack and way landings every Monday and Saturday at 7 o'clock during river navigation.

Northern Route.

S. S. Sardonyx will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves for Alberni Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table without notification.

Steamers leave on Standard Time.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every five days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

City of Puebla - - - - July 8th

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

FOR PORT ANGELES

The fast and commodious steamer

EVANGEL

Carrying U. S. mails, leaves Port Townsend every

MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,

At 9 o'clock (Mondays and Thursdays through to Neah Bay) calling at New Dungeness, Port Angeles, Crescent Bay, Pyle River, Twin River, Pysht, Clallam Bay and Neah Bay. Returning Tuesday through to Seattle, Saturday to Port Angeles and return.

THROUGH CONNECTIONS for Port Angeles made at Port Townsend with boats from Victoria on Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

nov18 MORGAN & MANN, Owners.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) .... FRIDAY, July 18, 1890, 12 m

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer

ALAMEDA .... SATURDAY, June 28, 1890, 12 m

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

nov26 JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS. General Agents.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 12.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, May 1st, 1890.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Sat., Sun., Mon.	No. 5 Passenger Saturdays only.	STATIONS.	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Sat., Sun., Mon.	No. 6 Passenger Saturdays only.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	VICTORIA	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]		RUSSELL'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		ESQUIMALT	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		GOLDSTREAM	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		SHAWNIGAN LAKE	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		COBBLE HILL	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		McPHERSON'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		KOKSILAH	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		DUNCAN'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		SOMENOS	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]		CHEMAINUS	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	NANAIMO	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	WELLINGTON	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS AND MONDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.
oc11

UNION PACIFIC Tickets ON SALE —TO— DENVER

Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago,

ST PAUL, ST. LOUIS,

AND ALL POINTS

East, North and South,

UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY.

STEAMERS.

Tacoma-Victoria Route.

Leave Tacoma .... [illegible]
Leave Seattle .... [illegible]
Leave Port Townsend .... [illegible]
Arrive Victoria .... [illegible]
Leave Victoria .... [illegible]
Leave Port Townsend .... [illegible]
Leave Seattle .... [illegible]
Arrive Tacoma .... [illegible]

Tacoma-Seattle Route.

Leave Tacoma—[illegible]
Leave Seattle—[illegible]
Boats leaving Tacoma [illegible] p.m., and Seattle at [illegible] a.m. and [illegible] p.m. land at Des Moines.

Seattle-Olympia Route.

Leave Seattle...[illegible] | Leave Olympia...[illegible]
Leave Tacoma...[illegible] | Lv. Steilacoom...[illegible]
Lv. Steilacoom...[illegible] | Leave Tacoma...[illegible]
Ar. Olympia...[illegible] | Arrive Seattle...[illegible]

—†Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. *Daily.

Whatcom, Semiahmoo and Blaine Route.

Stopping at all way landings.

Steamer leaves Seattle daily, except Saturday, for Whatcom at 12 p.m. Arrives at Whatcom daily, except Sunday, at 5 p.m.

Leaves Whatcom for Seattle daily, except Saturday 8 p.m. Arrives at Seattle daily except Sunday, 2 p.m. Steamers from Semiahmoo and Blaine leave Whatcom every Saturday at 2 p.m. Returning, leave Blaine every Sunday at 10 a.m. for Whatcom and Seattle.

RAIL LINE.

"The Overland Flyer" leaves Portland at 9 p.m. daily, and carries through Pullman Sleepers, Colonial Sleepers, Free Chair Cars and Coaches between Portland and Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, St. Paul or Chicago.

"The Limited Fast Mail" leaves Portland at 7 a.m. daily, and carries Pullman Dining and Sleeping Cars between Portland and Chicago.

C. J. FISHER, Freight and Passenger Agent
No. 100 Government street, Victoria.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

—THE—

Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of DINING CARS, unsurpassed, PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment, TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and ELEGANT DAY COACHES.

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First st. cor Washington, Portland, Or.

G. G. CHANDLER, General Agent, Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria B.C.

ja27

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The only Transcontinental Line

—RUNNING—

SOLID TRAINS

FROM PACIFIC TO ATLANTIC COAST

—CONSISTING OF—

Palace, Sleeping and Parlor Cars, Elegant Day Coaches, Luxurious Dining Cars, Commodious Colonial Sleepers—the latter free.

THROUGH :-: TICKETS

To St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, New York, Boston, Portland, and all points in the United States and Canada, can be purchased at less rate than via any other line.

Passengers booked

To and from all European Points

For rates, maps and particulars, call on or address

A. CAMERON, Frt. and Pass. Agent, Government street, Victoria, B.C.

D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen. Frt. and Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

mh19

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address

T. H. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 113 South 10th St., Tacoma, Wash.

E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt.

The Daily Times.

CITY AND PROVINCIAL.

THE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Continued Growth in Public Favor of This Popular Institution.

The ever obliging city librarian, Mr. McGregor, has kindly furnished the returns of the institution for the month of June. They show a great increase in the number of new cards which have been issued; which is most likely due to the steadily growing population. The returns are as follows:

Total number of books lent, 2021; to ladies, 909; to gentlemen, 1112; highest daily number, 129; average daily number, 92; new cards issued, 70; to ladies, 26; to gentlemen, 44.

It is estimated that beside the number of books loaned, that at least a thousand readers have availed themselves of the privileges of the reading room.

OVER $25,000 INSURANCE.

Payment Made by One Company to Mrs. Uriah Nelson.

Perhaps the largest single payment of life insurance ever made in Victoria was that to the widow of the late Uriah Nelson last Tuesday by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York. Mr. Nelson was largely insured in several other companies, this being only the first payment. The amount paid was $25,410.00, and this extraordinary claim was settled within thirty days. Below we give Mrs. Nelson's letter of acknowledgement:

Victoria, B. C., 26th June, 1890.

A. D. Forbes, Esq.,
Gen. Agent Mutual Life Ins. Co.,
San Francisco, Cal.

DEAR SIR—

I have received yours of the 16th instant enclosing Company's cheque of $25,410.00 being the amount of insurance due on policies held by me on the life of my late husband, Mr. Uriah Nelson, in your Company.

I beg to thank the Company for the promptitude they have shown in paying the sum of the policies held by me, and have much pleasure in stating that the cheque from the Mutual Life reached me before that of any other company in whic I have held an insurance on the life of my husband.

I am also indebted to your agents here—Messrs. Heisterman & Co.—for their courtesy and assistance in preparing the claims for presentation to the Company.

Faithfully yours,
ANNIE H. NELSON.

A HEARTY WELCOME.

Rev. Coverdale Watson Heartily Welcomed Back to Victoria.

The congregation of the Pandora Methodist church gathered in force last night to welcome back to Victoria their new pastor, Rev. Coverdale Watson. The chair was taken by the Rev. Joseph Hall, and supporting him were many of the pastors of the city churches. The chairman said it gave him great pleasure to welcome back to Victoria Mr. and Mrs. Watson, both of whom had in the past shown what true Christian friendship was, and had acted up to it. He was sure that the already successful church would grow stronger and stronger under the able teachings of Mr. Watson, and in the name of all his brethren, he most heartily welcomed back Mr. and Mrs. Watson.

Mr. John Jessop, on behalf of the board of trustees, tendered his congratulations to both pastor and people on the fact of their being again together, and he felt sure the combination would result in renewed Christian strength.

Rev. Mr. Watson rose to reply amid a hearty burst of applause. He spoke of his pleasure at returning here again, and reverted to the almost unrivalled resources and attractions of the Province, both in scenic, beauties and health-giving atmospheres. It was to the latter that his early return here might be attributed, as he had been advised by physicians to reside in this part of the world if possible. He trusted that both himself, the board of management and the people of the church would work well together, and with God's help a great deal would be done. He concluded by thanking those present for their warm reception.

Rev. Mr. White, of the Gorge Road Church, and Rev. D. Fraser, of the First Presbyterian Church, made suitable remarks, and after the speeches refreshments were served. The meeting was enlivened by solos and selections under the direction of the organist, Prof. Sharpe.

Salvation Army.

The salvation army was jubilant yesterday over the arrival of Major Morris, his son Harry, and Staff-Capt. Grayson, the first female division officer in Canada. The new captain was installed last evening, and a grand banquet tendered the new arrivals.

The Orangemen.

The Orangemen of the Province will assemble in New Westminster on the 12th, and hold a grand demonstration in Queen's Park, which it is expected will be the largest and most important affair of the kind ever held in the country. The dinner will be in the exhibition building.

A New Firm.

All who know Mr. Erskine will be pleased to learn that he has given up the intention of removing to Nanaimo, and will remain in Victoria. He has entered into partnership with Mr. Jas. Hastie, furniture dealer, Government street, and under the name of Hastie & Erskine the business will be enlarged and extended. Both gentlemen are well and favorably known, and undoubtedly the new firm will do a large business.

Military Affairs.

Hon. Edward Stanhope, Secretary of State for War, said that the Government was still considering the recommendation of the army committee in regard to the abolition of the rank of commander in chief of the army. He also stated that General Sir Redvers Buller would succeed Gen. Wolseley as Adjutant-General. Respecting the report of the army commission, the Government thought the council of defence which the commission proposed might be founded within the Cabinet. Other recommendations of the commission would also be adopted. The retirement of Gen. Wolseley, Stanhope said, was not due to any difference with himself. Gen. Roberts, he announced, had consented to serve two years longer as commander-in-chief of the army in India.

A Delicate Reminder.

Port Angeles Times: It is significant but not inappropriate that a Victorian publication should take a quiet hand in helping along the Cleveland presidental boom.

For San Francisco.

The steamer Walla Walla sailed for San Francisco yesterday morning with the following Victoria passengers: Mrs. Peterson, Miss Peterson, J. Millard, J Wilson and wife, D. W. Kirkland, Mrs. Law, and Miss Law.

Assaulted an Ex-Mayor.

Charles McCorlick was last night booked at the city cells on a charge of drunk and disorderly, and the arresting policeman stated that he fought like a maniac against arrest. This morning ex-Mayor Carey prepared a charge against McCorlick, the latter having struck Mr. Carey a severe blow and knocked him down.

Drowning Accident.

Between one and two o'clock this morning, Andrew White, one of the crew of the R. P. Rithet accidently slipped from the steamer into the harbor and was drowned. One of his comrades jumped in after him but as a strong current was running he was unable to do anything to help the drowning man. White came to Victoria about June 20th, and it is thought that he came from Edinburgh.

Nelson Island Granite.

The steamer Mascotte which arrived from Nelson Island on Wednesday, brought down a large slab of granite weighing 9 tons for the Port Townsend custom house. The pieces which are of fine quality are 8 feet long by 10 wide and 1 foot thick. She also brought down a lot for the new R. C. Cathedral. The Nelson Island company besides having the best quarry on the coast are better able to handle it than any other company and consequently are able to supply the best quality in almost any size desired.

The Career of Crime.

The police returns for the month of June show that 47 arrests were made for drunkenness; 10 for gambling and frequenting gambling houses; 4 for being in possession of an intoxicant; 3 robbery; 3 burglary; 2 fighting; 2 supplying liquor to Indians; 1 carrying concealed weapons; 1 malicious damage to property; 1 assault. Two people were also held at the cells for a few days, being of unsound mind. The three "burglars" were the three Caffire boys. The showing for the month is very good, no serious offences being booked.

Sir John's Elections in 1878.

A correspondent, J. B. L., asks: "Was Sir John A. Macdonald elected in 1878 for two districts, a bet is pending. I have asked several who ought to know but they can't decide. He was beaten in Kingston in '78." Sir John was defeated in Kingston at the general election in 1878, but immediately afterwards was elected by acclamation for Marquette, Man. He resigned Marquette in October, 1878, when he accepted the office of Premier and Minister of the Interior, and was elected on 21st October of the same year for Victoria, B.C. Consequently he was elected by two constituencies in 1878, but at different times.

Those Awful Dogs.

It is a well known fact that where there are Indians there do dogs congregate, but that is no reason that certain quarters of this city should be overrun with a lot of mangy howling canines whose owners pay no tax. The nuisance has long been one which was a source of trouble to nervous people, and now the dangers of hydrophobia are to be added to the dangers of allowing the pests to roam uncared for through the streets. It is safe to wager that out of every ten dogs seen in the streets not two have contributed to the city coffers. The other eight are not worth the payment of a tax anyway, and their owners know it.

Telephone Company vs. J. P. Walls.

In the County Court before the Chief Justice, the company sued Mr. Walls for $29.40 rental of two telephones. Mr. Walls paid $11 into court, and disputed the balance of the claim on the ground that the service had for some months past been very defective. His Lordship was of opinion that contrary to the justice and equity of the case the company were entitled to recover, because Mr. Walls had allowed the telephones to remain on his premises instead of notifying the company to remove them. It appeared in evidence that the satisfactory working of the telephone system had been seriously affected by the tram car electric wire.

America's Gala Day.

Almost every city in the United States will be tastefully decorated with bunting to-day in honor of the 114th anniversary of the declaration that made America an independent nation. The main streets of the larger cities will be the scene of parades, and in the evening the air will be like a sea of fire. Port Townsend, the nearest American city, is the point to where the majority of Victoria's Americans have gone to help celebrate the great gala day, and is hoped, as was the case at Vancouver, that they will bring back at least a few of the prizes offered for athletes, etc.

Off for the Sound.

About 300 Victorians took passage on the steamer Kingston last evening to spend the Fourth under the Stars and Stripes. Some go as far as Portland, while the rest will scatter themselves between the cities of Tacoma, Port Townsend and Seattle. The baseball boys also went on the Kingston, and will arrange to have the game played early in the day, so that they can return to-night.

The Olympian has her share of excursionists, a great many of whom spent the day at Port Angeles, and will return by the North Pacific to-night.

The steamer Yosemite, which was chartered by H. E. Croasdaile, to take a party of invited friends to Anacortes, was well loaded with citizens, all of whom will no doubt have a splendid trip to the new inland city.

You should secure a lot in Fernwood. Beautiful residential property. Enquire of the leading estate agents.

Arrived.

Curling tongs and lamps, ladies pen-knives, scissors, etc. and a full line of shaving materials at M. & H. A. Fox's, 79 Government street.

Increase of Trade.

The following returns from the Customs show the increase of Victoria trade for the past three years:

1889	July	$ 47,113 66
"	August	84,659 09
"	September	77,568 77
"	October	70,606 37
"	November	61,839 03
"	December	54,552 51
1890	January	45,291 29
"	February	42,355 47
"	March	93,432 16
"	April	77,347 25
"	May	78,666 18
"	June	75,189 48
	Total duties	$815,663 67
	Other revenues	13,267 28
	Total	$828,930 95

The increase for the fiscal year of 1890 is $31,594.32. The steady advancement in business is shown by comparing the total Customs revenues for the following years: In 1888 the amount was $701,991.72; 1889, $797,336.63; 1890, $828,930.05. This shows a gradual but sure increase.

YATES & DOUGLAS STS.

Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries.

COCHRANE & MUNN

THE Prescription Department OPEN ALL HOURS Day and Night. LOW PRICES.

Prompt attention given to all orders.

F. T. HONE,
Masseur and Electrician
OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.
Massage Treatment
Given at Gentlemen's own houses on moderate terms. ja27-2w

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

For a Good Cheap and Reliable Watch go to
G. B. PARRY,
Opposition Watchmaker against high charges.
62 FORT STREET. je16-3m

GERVAS F. WAKE & CO
REAL ESTATE AGENTS
52 LANGLEY STREET.

178 acre farm on Somenos Lake, 4-roomed house with kitchen, workshop, barns etc. 1 acre in fruit trees, never failing creek running through the premises. 1 mile from Somenos station, ½ mile from church and school.
250 acre farm in South Quamichan District 14 acres cleared, 3 miles from station.
200 acres on Pender Island.
100 acres on Saanich Road.
Acreage property on the Esquimalt Road.
Acreage property on the Gordon Head and Cedar Hill Roads.
Lots on Spring Ridge, Alfred, Henry and Collinson streets, etc.
Lots James Bay, Dallas Road and Beacon Hill.
Residences on Fort, View, Cook, Alfred and Henry streets and Spring Ridge.

G. C. Sauer & Co.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
BRITISH COLUMBIA
OF THE RENOWNED
Lowenbrau Beer,
Imported direct from Munich, Bavaria.
FALK'S CELEBRATED
MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER
in Kegs or Bottles with Patent Stoppers.
Schmidt & Co.'s Sarsaparella & Iron
EUROPEAN AND CALIFORNIA WINES
A SPECIALTY.
We carry a large stock of Cognacs, Brandies, Gins, Scotch, Irish, Bourbon and Rye Whiskies, Cordials and Mineral Waters, Imported and Domestic Cigars.
51 WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
Telephone Call 494. My17

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE,
Warranted "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.
To cure
In SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Dyspepsia, Nervous Prostration, Lassitude, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.
BEFORE AFTER
A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young of both sexes, permanently cured by Aphrodinine. Circular free. Address
THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.
SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, DRUGGIST, Corner of Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Sole Wholesale Agent Victoria.

F. G. Richards, Jr., Real Estate & Financial Broker
CITY PROPERTY A SPECIALTY.
SOME CHOICE LOTS ON VERY EASY TERMS IN THE FOLLOWING PARTS OF THE CITY:
James Bay, Work Estate, Spring Ridge, Gorge Road, Saanich Road, Victoria East, Fernwood Estate, Regent Park
INTEREST AND RENTS COLLECTED AND RETURNS MADE PROMPTLY.
CONVEYANCING in all its branches executed expeditiously and carefully.
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AT CURRENT RATES. MONEY TO LOAN AT A LOW RATE OF INTEREST
51 YATES STREET, - VICTORIA.

TO WORKINGMEN.
27 Building Lots on the Craigflower Road, facing the Gorge. Price $250 and $275 each. Terms, $25 down and $10 per month.
10 Acres on Fowl Bay cheap, and a complete list of first-class properties to suit investors.
T. G. RAYNER, Real Estate, Stock and Share Broker,
Je 12 TROUNCE AVENUE

SEE OUR SPRING STOCK OF SHOES.
Profuse in Novelties. Variegated in Colors.
Great in Assortment. To suit the most fastidious.
Unapproachable in Prices.
UNQUESTIONABLY THE FINEST LINE EVER SHELVED IN A FIRST-CLASS BOOT AND SHOE STORE.
EXAMINE THEM.
H. MANSELL, No. 95 Gov't St.
Remember that every dollar spent with us get the most a dollar can buy.
BOOTS AND SHOES MADE TO ORDER IN EVERY STYLE. REPAIRING ON SHORT NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE
Dominion Illustrated Weekly
$4.00 per Year in Advance.
In course of preparation
SPECIAL NUMBER OF VICTORIA
Depicting the
Arrival of the Duke of Connaught,
The Regatta and the places of Interest in the City.
my26-tf

IN SPITE OF THE KNOCKOUT
HENRY SHORT
Is ready for business at his old stand, where
SPORTING GOODS OF ALL KINDS
Can be found at the lowest rates.
32 FORT STREET.
Some rare bargains can be had in slightly damaged goods. ja11-1m

GOLD, WHALES & HONEY.
Honey in Manitoba,
Whales in Hudson's Bay,
Gold in British Columbia,
And rich nuggets all through
THE COLONIST.
A mine of curious and interesting reading.
Have you seen it? A 32-page illustrated magazine on fine paper. A perfect guide to Western Canada from Lake Superior to the Pacific Ocean.
SEND TEN CENTS FOR SAMPLE. STAMPS TAKEN.
Address—THE COLONIST, Winnipeg, Can

JOHN MESTON,

CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Government street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

DELMONICO
RESTAURANT AND OYSTER PARLOR
120 Government St., Victoria, B.C.
E. ESCALET, Proprietor.
This establishment is first class in every respect. Every delicacy of the season served in the best style. The finest imported wines and liquors are kept at the bar. Private dining rooms for ladies. Open day and night. Polite and attentive waiters.
Private parties catered for in any part of the city on the shortest notice.
N. B.—Having engaged a celebrated eastern cook for the season, patrons of the Belmonico can feel assured that all orders placed in his charge will receive the greatest care and attention. ap27

H. G. WATERSON,
JOB PRINTER
Office over R. Jamieson's Book Store,
GOVERNMENT STREET. m17-6m

--:PRINTING:--
By Electric Motor Power.
JAS. A. COHEN,
38 FORT STREET,
Having made extensive additions to his printing office, is now prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Job, News and Poster Printing, inferior to none produced in Victoria, at low prices.
Come and See the Electric Motor.
ap27-1y

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND AND INVESTMENT
AGENCY
(Limited).
THOMAS ALLSOP,
HENRY S. MASON,
CUTLER A. HOLLAND. } DIRECTORS.
HEAD OFFICE:
15 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street, London, Eng.
The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.
Money to Loan on Morigage
AT LOW RATES.
TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS
For Sale on Easy Terms.
je16dw

MUNICIPAL.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Section 5 of Chapter 92 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, intituled "An Act respecting certain works constructed in or over navigable waters," that the municipal council of the city of Victoria, Province of British Columbia, has deposited with the Minister of Public Works of Canada, a plan and a description of a wharf or dock, to be used for sanitary purposes, situated at Holland Point at the said city, and a duplicate of such with the Registrar of Deeds for the said city of Victoria.
And notice is also hereby given, that application, after the first day of August, 1890, to the Governor-in-Council for approval of said plan and work.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER.
Dated at Victoria, British Columbia, this 23rd day of June, 1890. je21

Great Improvement in Artificial Teeth.
IN ORDER OF INTRODUCING MY IMPROVED sets of teeth, I will make a reduction of one third of cost for thirty days only beginning June 1st. They must be seen to be appreciated, as its looks and quality they cannot be excelled. They will not drop while eating or speaking. Beware of agents and testimonials from those wearing them. Remember you will not have this chance again after June 30th.
None but skilful operations performed.
DR. HARTMAN, DENTIST.
61 GOVERNMENT ST.

FOR SALE OR CHARTER,
THE
Steamer Georgie.
Apply at Match Factory, Rock Bay, or address P. O. Box 141.
THOS. HENDRY.
je9-2w

PORT CRESCENT ROUTE.

Steamer
FERNDALE,
A. G. BENJAMIN, Master.
Leaves SEATTLE Sundays and Wednesdays at 7 a. m.
Leaves PORT TOWNSEND daily except Tuesdays and Saturdays, at 9:15 a. m., arriving at Port Crescent at 2 p. m. Returning, leaves Port Crescent at 4 p. m., same day, arriving at Port Townsend at 9 p. m.
Leaves PORT TOWNSEND for SEATTLE on Mondays and Fridays at 10 p. m.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to C. L. Fox, Agent, Seattle. je9

C. P. N. Co., Ld.
FOR ALBERNI.
Steamer
MAUDE
CAPT. BROWN.
Will leave Spring wharf
TUESDAY, JULY 15th, AT 4 P. M.
For freight or passage apply at office of the Company. JNO. IRVING,
my30d Manager.

MEDICAL.
PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Prompt, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists. $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. nov13

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION
A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS' TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of the Generative Organs, Dizziness and Sleeplessness caused by ignorance or excesses. All Drains stopped in 24 hours. Will restore any lost power in 30 days. All pains cured in 5 days. One box will cure recent cases. $1.00; by mail, $1.25. Pamphlet free. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B. C. nov13

ERRORS OF YOUNG AND OLD

The Latest. The Best.

VICTORIA PARK WEST. VICTORIA PARK WEST.

THE SALE OF THIS VALUABLE AND DESIRABLE PROPERTY HAS COMMENCED---SIXTY-FIVE ACRES SOLD IN TWO DAYS!!!

Any person who can stand on this property and take in the vast and sure possibilities of a rapid rise in prices, and doesn't buy a lot or a dozen lots, is a phenomenon we have not yet discovered.

We started with the intention of selling the whole 300 lots in 60 days, and WE INTEND TO DO IT.

We'll make any reasonable terms. In this case we are working pro bono publico. Our Brokers are

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE, COLONIST BLOCK, VICTORIA, B.C.

BROKE JAIL.

David Caffire, the Youthful Burglar, Bolts From Prison.

This afternoon about two o'clock David Caffire, the eldest of the youthful burglars, two of whom were confined in the new Juvenile Reformatory, broke jail and escaped.

He had been sweeping up the corridors, and was sent out by the officer in charge to empty a dust pan of sweepings. Two minutes passed, and the youngster not returning search was made for him but the only trace found was a few scratches on the rear fence where he had scaled it. An alarm was given, the city and provincial police being also at once communicated with, and there is every probability that the young rascal will soon be caught.

The two Caffire boys were the first prisoners ever placed in the new reformatory, and one of them has made his escape within a week of his commitment. It is said that his escape was rendered the easier as the braces of the fence are on the inside, and formed a hold for his toes in shinning over. The boy is a tough character generally, and although smart is wicked. His daring in breaking away is considerable for a youngster.

BRIEF LOCALS.

The Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Nearly every place of business in the city was closed this afternoon.

There was no general Fourth of July celebration at Seattle to-day.

An agitation for a public library is going on at Port Townsend.

A fire brigade with a hand engine is to be established at Sapperton.

Several American flags floated from flagstaffs to-day in honor of the Glorious Fourth.

The sockeye salmon run in the Fraser is now on, and the cannerymen will soon be very busy.

The stables of the Victoria Transfer Company are being made presentable by a coat of paint.

Pollywogs and "sich" are quite common now in the city water. Moral—Don't drink out of the taps.

U. S. Consul Myers and Vice-Consul Marvin paid an official visit to the warships at Esquimalt yesterday.

The WEEKLY TIMES published last evening, is the only 16-page weekly in the province of British Columbia.

The postmaster at Westminster has been ordered to send all mails to Nanaimo via Vancouver on and after the 1st of July.

The new cable for the Seattle street railway which fell overboard, has been raised after six weeks at the bottom of Lake Washington.

One of the employees at the Canada Western Hotel excavation, got his hand caught in a derrick wire this morning and had it badly smashed.

An old man, a grocer, was murdered in Port Townsend on Wednesday night by an Italian employed as assistant, who it is supposed has skipped to Victoria.

The Chamber of Commerce of Seattle on one day's investigation found that the census takers missed 500 names. Seattle is hostile and is demanding a recount.

Sergt. Langley of the provincial police, has arranged matters so that the provincial police office will be open day and night, and the police will be able to answer a night call quicker than ever.

Four policemen, one drunk and about 50 spectators marched along Douglas street last night about eight o'clock to the police station where the inebriate was given a night's lodging and dealt with in the police court this morning.

The Tacoma news is now issued in new form, being printed on a perfecting press. The size of the paper is suggestive of the definition of a line—length without breadth. Otherwise, however, the alterations are decided improvements.

The Nanaimo Free Press mentions as a curiosity the fact that a young man found a copy of that paper, dated May 2nd, 1885, under a tree at Holden Lake, the presumption being that the paper had lain there all that time without decomposition having set in.

The Canadian Pacific earnings for May 1890, were: Gross earnings, $1,319,423; working expenses, $854,721; net profits were $380,309, and for the five months ending May, 1890, the figures are as follows: Gross earnings, $5,355,316, working expenses, $3,968,291; net profits, $1,387,025; for five months ending May 31st, 1889, the net profits were $1,419,900.

Japanese paper napkins for picnicing at Daley's. *

Thermometer at Cochrane & Munn's.
Temperature to-day, 62 deg.

Corduroy

Seventy-five cents per yard. Russell, McDonald & Co., Douglas street.

Weekly Times.

THE WEEKLY TIMES of this week, out this morning, contains all the news of the week in convenient form, and altogether it is an excellent paper to send to absent friends. Price, 10 cents a copy.

San Francisco's Population.

The population of San Francisco is 300,000. The Chinese population is 24,000, an increase of 2000 since 1880. Probably 10,000 more Chinese who are regular inhabitants of San Francisco in the winter are now at work in the country.

Body Found.

The body of the young man whose drowning is chronicled on the 7th page was found at 3 o'clock this afternoon by two employees of the C.P.N. Company who dragged the harbor all day. His face was slightly cut, but no other marks were on his body.

Off to Texada.

A party of prospectors from Vancouver left on the Rainbow last evening for Texada for the purpose of re-staking a few claims which were taken up by them last year and after doing a certain amount of work upon them they lost faith in the undertaking and allowed them to repose.

Trades Assembly.

At the meeting of the Victoria Trades Assembly held last evening, the principle subject brought up was the disagreement among the musicians. A great deal of talking was done, but no definite end was arrived at. Several other unions are talked of in the city which means an increase in the membership of the Trades Assembly.

Custom Rates.

A most useful little volume for business men is Irwin's Hand-Book to the Canadian Tariff, the revised edition of which for 1890, is now ready. It contains a complete list of Canadian Customs rates alphabetically arranged, and the necessary exchange tables to compute the tariff on goods from any part of the world. The book can be obtained at Waitt's.

To-day's Picnics.

A large number of the members of the different lodges of the I.O.G.T. and others left on this morning's train for Somenos, where they held their annual union picnic. Games and sports of all kinds were indulged in and a good time had by all.

The bus Young America, which is called into requisition on almost every holiday, was engaged by the Scotch Evangelists to-day to take them up the Arm, where they enjoyed a day's outing.

Instalation.

The officers of Dominion Lodge, I. O. O. F. were installed last night by the Grand Lodge officers as follows: N. G., Gavin Fowlie; V. G., Geo. Glover; Secretary, Thomas Bamford; Treasurer, A. G. McCandless; Warden, George Jeeves; Conductor, W. D. Kinnaird; O. G., W. Huxtable; I. G., P. A. Babington; R. S. N. G., Len Cousins; L. S. N. G., J. Arnold; R. S. V. G., R. Brittain; L. S. V. G., J. Armstrong; R. S. S., E. Braggs; L. S. S., W. Bolingbroke. After installation a supper was served in honor of Grand Master E. Quesnell and the Grand Lodge staff.

On a Tender Mission.

Miss Forrest, teacher of the James Bay ward school during the past year, will leave for the east to-night and will be met at Winnipeg by Mr. Kerr, formerly a teacher in Victoria, where the ever interesting ceremony which Cupid always superintends, will be performed. Miss Forrest has the good wishes and congratulations in advance of a host of friends. Mr. Kerr, was during his residence in Victoria, a popular young gentleman, and possessed the confidence and esteem of all his acquaintances. We understand that for the present they will reside in Ontario.

Emblematic.

One of the features of the Dominion Day procession at Vancouver was a huge log nearly three feet in diameter mounted at one end upon a truck to which four yoke of good-natured looking oxen were hitched. The animals were driven by an old gray-haired gentleman named Preston, rigged out in a livery peculiar to a back-woods logging camp. His ability in driving oxen, no easy trick, was instanced by the clever manner in which the patient brutes turned the corners. Mr. Preston was as great a feature in the show as the log or oxen, and he is a thorough British Columbian, being one of the oldest loggers in the Province.

THE CITY POLICE.

A Full Dock Greets the J. P's. in the Police Court This Morning.

Hon. A. N. Richards, P. M., being absent at Anacortes to day, R. Ward and G. Morrison, J. P's., occupied the bench in the city police court this morning and dealt out justice.

Conn, an Indian, was up for being drunk, pleaded guilty and was fined $5 or 14 days.

D. Sellick, a little boy, who was up once before on the same charge, was charged with vagrancy. Chief Sheppard said the boy had as good a home as any boy in Victoria, but he would persist in staying out night after night and the best thing to do would be to have him sent to the reformatory, and his request for a remand was granted.

Thos. Herring, charged with supplying liquor to Indians, pleaded not guilty but it was clearly proven that he was the guilty one and he was fined $50 or in default two months.

Jim, an Indian, charged with having an intoxicant in his possession, pleaded guilty and was fined $25 or one month hard labor.

Chas. McCorlick, charged with assaulting J. W. Carey was the next called and pleaded guilty.

J. W. Carey swore that last night he was going home when he met the prisoner at his gate and asked him what he was doing there. The prisoner hit him and knocked him down.

On being cross-examined by the prisoner he stated that the assault did take place at his own gate. He was sober at the time.

The bench was of opinion that the assault was not very serious and fined the prisoner $2 and $2 costs.

THE SCOTTISH PICNIC.

Big Gathering at the Caledonian Grounds This Afternoon.

Although the day looked dull and lowering a large crowd of pleasure seekers had gathered at the Caledonian Grounds at two o'clock, the hour set for starting the sports of the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Societies 27th annual gathering, and every car going over the bridge from that hour was full to overflowing of others whose goal was the scene of the festivities.

The grounds were tastefully decorated with hundreds of flags. Over the main entrance a large English and American flag floated, with a French streamer between them. Seats had been arranged around the ring where the sports were going on, and every convenience afforded. The officers of the reception committee, headed by Ald. Robertson, did all possible to entertain guests, a roomy reception tent stored with good things being open all day. The sports were well looked after by Messrs. Lorimer and Walker, and a lengthy programme of athletic games, with most liberal prizes, was being gone through with at the hour of going to press.

Music was furnished by the Queen City band and Mr. David Kennedy, the society's piper. This evening there will be a good programme of dances on the specially prepared and roomy pavillion. Everything has been got ready for a big assemblage, and there is no doubt there will be one, as the popularity of the annual Scotch picnic is so well known and admired by the lovers of good entertainment.

Inland Revenue.

The following is an itemized table of the inland revenue returns for the month ending June 30th, 1890. Yesterday's issue gave the total as the fiscal year's returns through an error. The returns for the year will be over half a million of dollars. These are for the past month only:

Spirits	$17,241 57
Malt	1,738 42
Tobacco	2,635 30
Liquors	1,256 10
Petroleum inspection	[illegible]
Seizures	200 00
Other receipts (rents)	73 00
	$23,421 79
June, 1889	9,556 96
Increase	$13,867 83

New Westminster Climate.

Capt. Peele, the "Old Probs" of New Westminster, publishes the following meteorological observations for June:

Mean Temp	[illegible]
Above June Mean	[illegible]
Max. Temp	[illegible]
Min. Temp	45.0
Mean of Max	[illegible]
Mean of Min	[illegible]
Rainfall (inches)	3.50
Above June Mean	1.48
Days Rain fell	19
Greatest day's fall	1.[illegible]
Cloudy days	19
Partially cloudy	7
Clear days	4
Total wind in miles	3,171
Windiest day (miles)	79
Calmest day (miles)	41
Max. Barometer	30.11
Min. "	29.30

Flags at Daley's, 91 Douglas street. *

GENTLEMEN, examine the very choice lines of Hand Sewn Calf and Kangaroo Congress and Laced Boots.

ERSKINE'S Boot and Shoe Emporium, 132 Government St. Corner of Johnson.

$6, $6.50, $7, $7.50.

Store closes at 7 p. m., except Saturdays.

The Government to be Sued.

Messrs. Ewen & Co., salmon canners, have taken the preliminary steps toward entering a suit against the Dominion Government to recover the amount over $5 each for fishing licenses obtained through the local inspector of fisheries here. The new regulations enforced by the department this year, it will be remembered, prescribe that Fraser river canners shall pay $20 per license up to twenty licenses, and $50 per license over that number, while individual fishermen, fish markets and freezing establishments are charged only $5 per license. On all British Columbia rivers also, except the Fraser, the canners are charged only $5 per license. Messrs. Ewen & Co. applied for their licenses, tendered $5 each for them, and this not being accepted, paid the overcharge which is now sought to be recovered through the courts. They contend that it is illegal for the Government to discriminate in the prices of licenses on particular rivers or to particular classes of fishermen.

The Sockeye Run.

In the course of a week or ten days the annual run of the sockeye salmon in the Fraser River is expected to be in full swing, and Truth says all the canneries are putting on the finishing touches of preparation for their busy season. Some difficulty has been experienced in getting a full complement of men to man the 350 fishing boats that will be employed, but it was learned that the whole band of the Cowichan Indians would engage in the work will ease the position considerably. The onerko or sockeye species of salmon is that principally used for canning purposes on the Fraser. It is a small unspotted fish, ranging from four to eight pounds in weight. Its flesh is of a very rich color, but it is not generally considered equal as a table delicacy to the tyhee or spring salmon. The sockeye ascends the river to a great distance, large quantities having been seen as far up as Quesnelle, as bright as the day they left the sea, and as red in the flesh. Authorities say that the sockeye never inhabits a river that is not supplied from snowy sources, or that does not take its rise in lakes in which the fish spawn. Dr. Jordan states that this fish is sometimes land-locked and that the ma-meet found in many of the rivers and lakes of British Columbia (even though land-locked) are of this species.

Will Cure Hydrophobia.

Col. W. G. Hill says alum water is an unfailing specific for hydrophobia. In his younger days, when he was wont to roam over the hills of Coweta in quest of deer and other game, which abounded in our forests at that time, rattlesnakes were very numerous, and it was no uncommon occurrence for hunting dogs to be bitten by them. The remedy in such cases was a strong solution of alum (which was always carried along for such emergencies), with which the dog would be drenched as soon as bitten. Usually in half an hour the dog would be up and on the trail again, and as active and alert as if nothing had happened. Some time since his dog, with several others, was bitten by a rabid canine, and, remembering his old remedy for rattlesnake bites, he drenched the dog with alum water. All the other dogs bitten developed hydrophobia, while his has never shown the slightest symptoms of rabies though nearly a year has elapsed since it was bitten.—Newnan (Ga.) Herald.

Vino Scelletti Italiano.

At Dixi H. Ross & Co.

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar. *

Baby Buggies, the finest and largest assortment in the city at low prices, from $9.50 up, at J. Sehl's 68 Government street.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

A. Boyle, M. P., for Monck arrived last night.

W. R. and Mrs. Higgins have returned from the east.

T. B. McCabe leaves shortly on a visit to friends in the east.

James Sutherland, teacher at Comox, arrived down last night.

W. M. Swewright, teacher at Vernon, is in the city spending the holidays.

Mr. Richard Parker, the gentleman who gave dramatic recitations in St. Andrew's, a few days ago, made an eloquent reply to the toast of "Canadian and English Literature," at a dinner given at Medicine Hat recently.

Thomas Watson, the sprinter, returned from Vancouver last night. He was one of the judges in the firemen's sports, and owing to his sharp eyes the Nanaimo men won the dry test. The Vancouvers made the best time but did not affix the pipe.

Self-wringing mops at McLennan & McFeely's, 79 Yates street. *

BIRTH.

GARDNER—In Victoria, on the 3rd inst., the wife of Mr. J. Endicott Gardner, of a son.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report, Aug. 17 1889.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned have entered into partnership as Furniture Dealers, Upholsterers, etc., under the firm name of HASTIE & ERSKINE, at No. [illegible] Government street.

(Signed.) JAMES HASTIE, R. ERSKINE.

Victoria, June 25, 1890. [illegible]

Port Crescent

WM. NEWTON, Real Estate Broker,

Authorized local agent for the sale of town lots, will be happy to furnish full information and accompany intending investors over the townsite.

Markham House, Port Crescent, Wash.

CAMERON'S BID FOR BUSINESS,

ARE YOU WILLING to be convinced that you may be wasting money? Or are you like the old lady who was willing to be convinced, but would like to see the person who could convince her?

TO PAY THE PRICES others ask is simply rank nonsense. It is paying a premium to greediness and emptying your purse to fill pockets bulging with plunder.

THAT OTHER ASK two prices is no reason why you should pay more than one, or that you should suppose that the two-price piratical profit plan is associated with every business.

WHEN YOU CAN come into our store, handle our goods, compare them in price and quality, and prove to your own satisfaction that we are living up to our claim of low-price dealing, why don't you come?

GET LOWER PRICES and save money. That's the idea. You can get them. If no other store offers them our store does. Our war cry is "low prices." That's our bid for business.

AT OUR STORE you will find as choice a display as you ever looked on. Nothing that belongs to a fine stock is missing—except the usual exorbitant prices. Our prices are very low.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING AND Furnishing Goods.

TRY THE ONE PRICE CASH PLAN AT CAMERON'S

55 Johnson Street.

QUEEN CITY

Steam Laundry

FORT STREET.

Goods called for and delivered to all parts of the city.

TELEPHONE [illegible].

BRANCH OFFICES

74 Yates street and Trounce Ave.

Positively no Chinese employed.

N. B.—Silks, Flannels, and Lace Curtains a specialty.

ROLAND & SMITH, Props.

VICTORIA CITY SCHOOLS

APPLICATIONS FOR THE FOLLOWING positions in the Victoria Public Schools will be received by the Secretary, up to Tuesday 22nd July.

First Assistant High School. Salary $[illegible] per month.

Principal Boy's School. Salary $[illegible] per month.

Second Assistant Boy's School. Salary $[illegible] per month.

Seventh Assistant Boy's School. Salary $[illegible] per month.

Seventh Assistant Girl's School. Salary $[illegible] per month.

A Ward School Teacher. Salary $[illegible] per month.

Applicants not known personally to the Board are requested to send their photographs stating qualifications, experience, etc.

By order, R. ERSKINE, Secretary.

Victoria, B. C. 3rd July, 1890.

ANNIE WRIGHT SEMINARY,

TACOMA, WASHINGTON.

A Boarding & Day School for Girls

The [illegible] year opens on the [illegible] Thursday in September.

For catalogue and particulars address

MRS. SARAH K. WHITE, Principal.